LABOUR FORCE

AUSTRALIA

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■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact Marjory Smith on Canberra 02 6252 6510, or the National Information Service on 1300 135 070.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES Issue Release Date

> 24 December 2002 November 2002 December 2002 31 January 2003 January 2003 28 February 2003 28 March 2003 February 2003

FORTHCOMING CHANGES

Following each Census of Population and Housing, the ABS selects a new sample for the Labour Force Survey. This is done to ensure that the sample continues to accurately represent the distribution of the Australian population. A new sample has recently been selected based on the 2001 Census.

In order to reduce the potential impact of the change in sample on labour force statistics, the new sample will be introduced progressively, taking advantage of the existing rotation scheme. Using this scheme, the private dwelling sample in larger urban centres and less remote areas, representing just over four-fifths (82.1%) of the total sample, will be phased in over the period November 2002 to June 2003. Within these areas, one-eighth of the new sample will be introduced each month under existing sample rotation arrangements. The rest of the sample (in more remote, less populated areas and for non-private dwellings) will be introduced in two stages, November and December 2002. Detailed information about the new sample will be provided in Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design (cat. no 6269.0), which will be released on 4 December 2002.

STATE INQUIRIES

For further inquiries about labour force data, contact Labour Force Inquiries in ABS State offices: Sydney 02 9268 4633, Melbourne 03 9615 7073, Brisbane 07 3222 6068, Adelaide 08 8237 7365, Perth 08 9360 5304, Hobart 03 6222 5876, Darwin 08 8943 2120, Canberra 02 6207 0283.

R.W. Edwards Acting Australian Statistician

MEASURES OF LABOUR UNDERUTILISATION

INTRODUCTION

The number of unemployed persons and the unemployment rate are widely used as measures of the available labour resources which are not being utilised in the economy. However, despite the high profile of the unemployment rate, no single measure can fully capture the complexity of the labour market nor satisfy all the purposes for which such data are needed. The Information Paper: Measures of Underutilised Labour (cat. no. 6296.0) introduced a series of supplementary measures which, together with unemployment statistics, provides a wider range of indicators of underutilised labour.

This article extends the information presented in the Information Paper by updating the measures of labour underutilisation to September 2001, and by providing disaggregations by state and territory and by age group for September 2001. More detailed tables for the period September 1994 to September 2001 are available on the ABS web site .

MEASURES OF LABOUR **UNDERUTILISATION**

The ABS already provides a wide range of data on available labour resources and the extent of labour utilisation (in addition to unemployment data). These include persons with a marginal attachment to the labour force (in particular, discouraged jobseekers) and persons who are underemployed. The ABS has developed a series of supplementary measures based on these data which, together with unemployment statistics, provide a broad view of existing and potential labour resources and the extent to which they are being utilised. The four measures of labour underutilisation — the official unemployment rate and three supplementary measures — are presented in the table below.

MEASURES OF LABOUR UNDERUTILISATION — September 1994 to September 2001

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Long-term unemployment rate(a)	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.5	1.5
Unemployment rate(b) Labour force underutilisation	9.0 14.1	8.1 13.8	8.3 13.8	8.2 13.6	7.7 13.0	7.1 11.8	6.1 10.9	6.8 12.5
rate(c) Extended labour force underutilisation rate(d)	15.5	15.1	15.2	15.0	14.3	13.2	12.2	13.6

- (a) Persons unemployed for 12 months or more as a percentage of the labour force.
- (b) The unemployed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployed plus the underemployed, as a percentage of the labour force.
- (d) The unemployed, plus the underemployed, plus two groups of persons marginally attached to the labour force:
 - (i) persons actively looking for work, not available to start work in the reference week, but available to start work within 4 weeks; and (ii) discouraged jobseekers;

as a percentage of the labour force augmented by (i) and (ii).

MEASURES FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES

The following table presents measures of underutilised labour, as a series of rates, by state and territory for September 2001. Tables showing estimates for the states and territories for the period September 1994 to September 2001 are available on the ABS web site

. Also available on the web site are estimates for the level (or count) of the selected population groups contributing to the rates for each state and territory.

MEASURES FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES (continued)

Relative standard errors (RSEs) for state and territory underutilisation rates will be slightly smaller than the corresponding RSEs for the unemployment rate. However, RSEs associated with the individual population groups contributing to the rates for each state and territory are likely to be too high for most practical purposes.

MEASURES OF LABOUR UNDERUTILISATION BY STATE AND TERRITORY — September 2001

	Long-term unemployment rate	Unemployment rate	Labour force underutilisation rate	Extended labour force underutilisation rate
State/territory	%	%	%	%
NSW	1.4	6.2	10.9	12.1
Vic.	1.2	6.3	11.8	12.8
Qld	1.9	8.0	15.0	16.3
SA	2.1	7.2	14.4	15.5
WA	1.4	7.0	12.9	13.8
Tas.	3.1	9.7	16.0	17.5
NT	0.8	6.0	10.1	10.7
ACT	0.9	4.5	9.8	10.4
Aust.	1.5	6.8	12.5	13.6

MEASURES FOR AGE **GROUPS**

The following table presents underutilisation rates by age group for September 2001. Tables showing estimates by age group for the period September 1994 to September 2001 are available on the ABS web site . Also available on the web site are estimates for the level (or count) of the selected population groups contributing to the rates for each age group.

Relative standard errors (RSEs) for age-based underutilisation rates will be slightly smaller than the corresponding RSEs for the unemployment rate. However, RSEs associated with the individual population groups contributing to the rates for each age group are likely to be too high for most practical purposes.

MEASURES OF LABOUR UNDERUTILISATION BY AGE GROUP — September 2001

Age group (years)	Long-term unemployment rate %	Unemployment rate %	Labour force underutilisation rate %	Extended labour force underutilisation rate %
15–19	1.8	17.5	31.0	32.0
20–24	2.1	10.1	18.0	18.9
25–34	1.2	6.4	10.7	11.4
35–44	1.2	4.9	10.1	10.9
45–54	1.7	4.6	9.2	10.2
55–69	2.1	4.5	8.4	11.7
Total(a)	1.5	6.8	12.5	13.6

⁽a) Includes those aged 70 years and over

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The ABS is developing an annual hours-based measure of the labour force underutilisation rate. This new measure will be available in 2003, initially for September 2002 data. The ABS will also collect information on the number of people in time-related underemployment each quarter, commencing with February 2003. As part of future developments in measuring labour underutilisation, the ABS is examining the inclusion of additional population groups whose labour is underutilised.

FURTHER INFORMATION

The Information Paper: Measures of Underutilised Labour (cat. no. 6296.0) describes concepts behind the ABS measures of labour underutilisation in detail. For further information relating to ABS measures of labour underutilisation, please contact Rhonda de Vos on (02) 6252 7437 or email <rhonda.devos@abs.gov.au>.

LABOUR MARKET IN BRIEF

TREND ESTIMATES

The trend estimate of employed persons has been increasing since December 2000, reaching 9,364,600 in October 2002. Full-time employment rose to 6,702,400 and part-time employment rose to 2,662,200. The trend estimate of unemployment fell to stand at 609,400 in October 2002. The trend unemployment rate in October 2002 fell to 6.1%. The female unemployment rate remained at 6.1%, while the male unemployment rate fell to 6.1%. The trend participation rate in October 2002 remained at 63.5%. The female participation rate rose to 55.5% and the male participation rate fell to 71.7%.

EMPLOYMENT

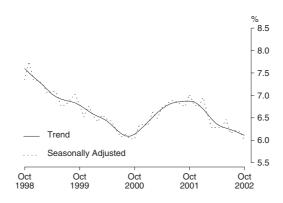
The seasonally adjusted estimate of employment increased by 15,800 to 9,363,100 in October 2002. Full-time employment decreased by 59,900 to 6,674,500, with female full-time employment decreasing by 35,500 to 2,250,900 and male full-time employment decreasing by 24,400 to 4,423,600. Part-time employment increased by 75,700 to 2,688,600. Female part-time employment increased by 49,200 to 1,899,900, and male part-time employment increased by 26,600 to 788,700.

UNEMPLOYMENT

The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment decreased by 18,500 to 598,600 in October 2002. The number of unemployed persons seeking full-time work decreased by 17,200 to 436,000, and the number of unemployed persons seeking part-time work decreased slightly to 162,700.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate decreased to 6.0% in October 2002. The male rate fell by 0.1 percentage point to 6.1% and the female rate fell by 0.2 percentage points to 5.9%.



PARTICIPATION RATE

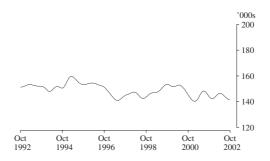
The seasonally adjusted labour force participation rate fell by 0.1 percentage point to 63.4% in October 2002. The male participation rate fell by 0.2 percentage points to 71.6%, and the female participation rate remained at 55.4%.

SELECTED LABOUR FORCE SERIES

MALES EMPLOYED FULL TIME: TREND SERIES

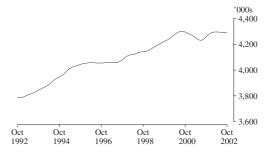
Males aged 15 to 19

Although fluctuating, the trend estimate of males aged 15 to 19 employed full time generally decreased through the decade from 151,500 in October 1992 to 141,400 in October 2002.



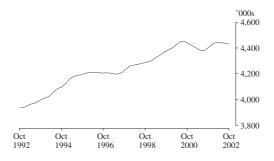
Males aged 20 and over

Apart from a flat period between May 1995 and June 1997, the trend estimate of males aged 20 and over employed full time rose steadily, from 3,787,000 in December 1992 to a high of 4,301,400 in August 2000. The trend then fell until July 2001, before rising to 4,297,400 in April 2002. Recently the trend has fallen slightly, and stood at 4,290,800 in October 2002.



All males

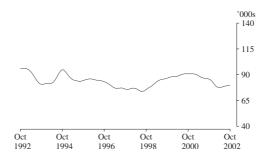
Apart from a flat period between June 1995 and June 1997, the trend estimate of males employed full time rose strongly, from 3,938,900 in December 1992 to a peak of 4,451,000 in August 2000. It then fell until July 2001, before rising to 4,444,000 in April 2002. Recently the trend has fallen slightly to stand at 4,432,100 in October 2002.



FEMALES EMPLOYED FULL TIME: TREND SERIES

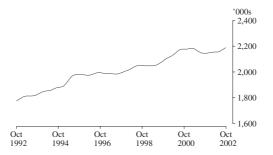
Females aged 15 to 19

The trend estimate of females aged 15 to 19 employed full time fell rapidly to 80,800 in October 1993. Although fluctuating, the trend generally decreased over the next five years to reach 74,000 in August 1998. The trend then rose to 91,100 in September 2000, before falling to 79,600 in October 2002.



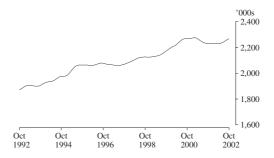
Females aged 20 and over

The trend estimate of females aged 20 and over employed full time generally increased from a low of 1,775,700 in October 1992 to 2,186,000 in February 2001. The trend then decreased to 2,146,600 in October 2001, before rising to 2,190,700 in October 2002.



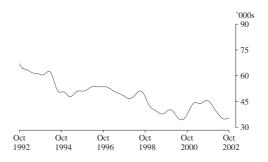
All females

The trend estimate of females employed full time generally rose from 1,871,600 in October 1992 to 2,276,800 in February 2001. The trend then generally decreased to 2,232,900 in April 2002, before rising to stand at 2,270,200 in October 2002.



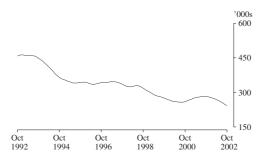
Males aged 15 to 19

The trend estimate of males aged 15 to 19 looking for full-time work, although fluctuating, fell from 67,200 in October 1992 to 34,300 in July 2000. The trend then rose to 45,700 in September 2001, before falling to stand at 35,300 in October 2002.



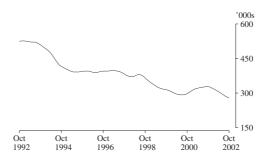
Males aged 20 and over

The trend estimate of males aged 20 and over looking for full-time work fell rapidly from a peak of 463,400 in January 1993 to 340,900 in July 1995. The trend then remained relatively flat until May 1997 before falling to 257,900 in August 2000. It then rose to 282,900 in September 2001, before falling to 243,900 in October 2002.



All males

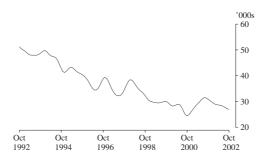
The trend estimate of males looking for full-time work fell rapidly from a high of 527,300 in December 1992 to 391,600 in June 1995. The trend then remained relatively flat until early 1997 before falling to 292,400 in July 2000. The trend then rose to 328,600 in September 2001, before falling to stand at 279,200 in October 2002.



UNEMPLOYED FEMALES LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK: TREND SERIES

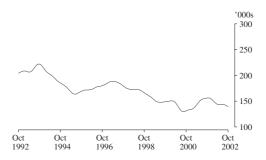
Females aged 15 to 19

The trend estimate of females aged 15 to 19 looking for full-time work generally fell from 51,400 in October 1992 to 24,500 in October 2000. The trend then rose to 31,500 in August 2001, before falling to stand at 27,000 in October 2002.



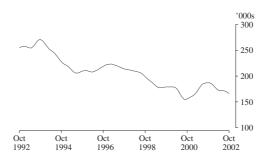
Females aged 20 and over

The trend estimate of females aged 20 and over looking for full-time work fell rapidly from 222,700 in October 1993 to 164,100 in June 1995. The trend then rose to 188,900 in April 1997 before falling to 129,800 in September 2000. Although fluctuating, the trend has since risen to stand at 139,300 in October 2002.



All females

The trend estimate of females looking for full-time work fell from 271,300 in October 1993 to 205,800 in July 1995. The trend then rose to 223,700 in February 1997, before falling to 154,800 in September 2000. The trend then rose to 187,300 in October 2001, before generally falling to 166,300 in October 2002.



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TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

	IAB	BLE 1. LABO	OUR FORC	E SIATUS	Unemp		ULATION	AGED 15	AND OVE	K		
				Looking		юуей						
				full-time								
				Aged		Looking						
		E 1 1		15-19		for			3.7	Civilian	**	ъ:
	E 11 .:	Employed		looking		part-		7 1	Not in	population		Partic-
	Full-time	Part-time	T . 1	for	T . 1	time	Tr. 1	Labour	labour	aged 15	-	ipation
Month	workers	workers	Total	first job	Total	work - '000 -	Total	force	force	and over	rate - per	rate cent -
					MALI	ES						
2001 —												
August	4,337.6	747.8	5,085.4	17.5	319.1	54.4	373.6	5,459.0	2,155.7	7,614.7	6.8	71.7
September	4,431.2	725.0	5,156.2	22.2	330.4	66.3	396.7	5,552.9	2,071.1	7,624.0	7.1	72.8
October	4,407.0	740.1	5,147.0	21.7	320.3	60.5	380.9	5,527.9	2,105.7	7,633.7	6.9	72.4
November	4,403.3	720.6	5,123.9	22.0	317.3	54.1	371.4	5,495.3	2,148.1	7,643.3	6.8	71.9
December	4,501.3	715.0	5,216.3	29.2	313.2	63.3	376.5	5,592.8	2,060.2	7,653.0	6.7	73.1
2002 —												
January	4,428.8	695.9	5,124.7	29.6	353.4	69.3	422.8	5,547.5	2,113.8	7,661.3	7.6	72.4
February	4,444.8	723.3	5,168.1	29.0	350.0	66.8	416.8	5,584.8	2,084.7	7,669.5	7.5	72.8
March	4,416.7	758.7	5,175.3	21.3	310.3	71.2	381.5	5,556.9	2,120.9	7,677.8	6.9	72.4
April	4,412.8	769.0	5,181.8	20.1	300.5	70.0	370.5	5,552.4	2,135.7	7,688.0	6.7	72.2
May	4,446.0	746.8	5,192.7	18.2	298.5	65.7	364.1	5,556.9	2,141.4	7,698.3	6.6	72.2
June	4,415.9	805.2	5,221.1	20.0	297.5	55.0	352.4	5,573.5	2,135.0	7,708.6	6.3	72.3
July	4,447.8	777.3	5,225.1	18.4	273.4	47.5	320.9	5,546.0	2,172.6	7,718.6	5.8	71.9
August	4,395.0	785.9	5,180.9	17.6	276.4	64.8	341.3	5,522.2	2,206.5	7,728.7	6.2	71.5
September	4,475.8	768.6	5,244.4	18.1	287.3	68.2	355.5	5,599.9	2,138.8	7,738.7	6.3	72.4
October	4,430.8	794.6	5,225.4	19.1	265.2	56.3	321.4	5,546.9	2,201.4	7,748.3	5.8	71.6
Standard error of — October 2002												
estimates	21.4	10.4	23.7	2.4	6.8	3.8	7.3	24.7	15.6		0.1	0.3
Sep 02 to Oct 02												
movements	14.1	7.6	14.9	2.0	5.3	3.2	5.7	15.3	11.0		0.1	0.2
				MA	RRIED F	EMALES						
2001 —												
August	1,302.0	1,170.5	2,472.5	* 1.3	67.1	30.9	98.0	2,570.4	1,911.6	4,482.1	3.8	57.3
September	1,358.4	1,150.1	2,508.5	* 1.9	70.7	29.0	99.7	2,608.2	1,879.3	4,487.6	3.8	58.1
October	1,313.6	1,163.6	2,477.2	* 1.6	65.7	35.4	101.1	2,578.3	1,897.6	4,475.9	3.9	57.6
November	1,330.0	1,160.8	2,490.9	* 0.2	62.3	32.2	94.5	2,585.3	1,899.0	4,484.3	3.7	57.7
December 2002 —	1,345.4	1,150.6	2,496.0	* 0.3	60.1	28.3	88.4	2,584.4	1,917.6	4,501.9	3.4	57.4
January	1,322.9	1,092.6	2,415.5	* 1.3	67.6	29.9	97.6	2,513.1	1,978.3	4,491.5	3.9	56.0
February	1,328.5	1,142.3	2,470.8	* 1.5	70.0	38.0	108.0	2,578.8	1,907.1	4,485.9	4.2	57.5
March	1,346.7	1,152.1	2,498.8	* 1.6	62.4	30.3	92.7	2,591.5	1,901.7	4,493.2	3.6	57.7
April	1,320.5	1,168.9	2,489.4	* 1.3	62.3	27.0	89.3	2,578.7	1,920.2	4,498.9	3.5	57.3
May	1,319.3	1,172.4	2,491.7	* 2.3	59.4	31.4	90.8	2,582.5	1,916.6	4,499.1	3.5	57.4
June	1,317.2	1,217.2	2,491.7	* 1.8	69.2	28.0	97.1	2,631.5	1,880.0	4,511.5	3.7	58.3
	1,317.2	1,192.2	2,520.8	* 0.1	57.7	30.8	88.5	2,609.3	1,924.0	4,533.3	3.4	57.6
July		1,192.2	2,548.5	* 0.1	59.7	27.1	86.9	2,635.4	1,924.0		3.4	
August September	1,351.8 1,390.1		2,546.3	* 1.7	60.5	32.9	93.4	2,680.6	1,920.4	4,555.8 4,554.2	3.5	57.8 58.9
October	1,390.1	1,197.1 1,196.6	2,564.3	* 1.7	53.6	26.6	80.2	2,644.5	1,873.0	4,564.6	3.0	57.9
Standard error of —												
October 2002	10.0	10.0	1//	0.5	2.7	2.0	4 4	16.0	140		0.2	0.4
estimates	12.9	12.2	16.6	0.5	3.7	2.8	4.4	16.8	14.8		0.2	0.4
Sep 02 to Oct 02 movements	9.3	8.8	11.6	0.7	3.1	2.5	3.6	11.7	10.4		0.1	0.3
movements	7.3	0.0	11.0	0.7	3.1	2.3	5.0	11./	10.4	• •	0.1	0.5

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

		BLE 1. LABO		25111105	Unemp		02.1110.	11022 10	11112 0 12			
				Looking full-time	for							
Month	Full-time workers	Employed Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partic- ipation rate
					ALL FEM	- '000 -					- per	cent -
2001 —				F	ALL FEIVI	ALES						
August	2,206.0	1,832.8	4.038.8	17.5	175.5	94.9	270.4	4,309.2	3,518.1	7,827.2	6.3	55.1
September	2,286.5	1,812.4	4,098.9	18.2	179.3	96.6	275.9	4,374.7	3,461.4	7,836.1	6.3	55.8
October	2.232.2	1,825.4	4,057.6	19.7	183.1	96.1	279.2	4,336.8	3,508.5	7,845.2	6.4	55.3
November	2,229.4	1,837.1	4,066.5	18.3	170.1	87.9	258.1	4,324.6	3,529.8	7,854.3	6.0	55.1
December	2,263.2	1,834.8	4,098.1	26.8	185.5	99.5	285.0	4,383.0	3,480.4	7,863.5	6.5	55.7
2002 —	2,200.2	1,00	.,0>0.1	20.0	100.0	,,,,	200.0	.,505.0	2,.00	7,000.0	0.0	22.7
January	2,249.0	1,750.1	3,999.1	24.7	208.5	96.0	304.5	4,303.7	3,567.7	7,871.4	7.1	54.7
February	2,236.6	1,826.2	4,062.9	24.1	204.5	104.9	309.5	4,372.3	3,507.0	7,879.3	7.1	55.5
March	2,239.1	1,853.1	4,092.2	23.5	178.3	102.1	280.4	4,372.6	3,514.6	7,887.2	6.4	55.4
April	2,196.6	1,880.7	4,077.2	19.8	171.5	88.1	259.6	4,336.8	3,560.7	7,897.5	6.0	54.9
May	2,217.5	1,873.7	4,091.2	20.7	166.2	96.0	262.1	4,353.3	3,554.5	7,907.8	6.0	55.1
June	2,196.8	1,921.6	4,118.4	21.2	181.5	90.5	272.0	4,390.4	3,527.8	7,918.2	6.2	55.4
July	2,250.8	1,872.1	4,122.9	15.6	150.8	86.1	236.9	4,359.8	3,568.9	7,928.7	5.4	55.0
August	2,248.3	1,880.8	4,129.1	16.1	164.7	90.1	254.8	4,383.9	3,555.2	7,939.1	5.8	55.2
September	2,304.5	1,898.5	4,203.0	18.2	167.4	105.5	273.0	4,475.9	3,473.7	7,949.7	6.1	56.3
October	2,260.9	1,904.2	4,165.2	16.2	150.9	97.5	248.4	4,413.6	3,545.8	7,959.4	5.6	55.5
Standard error of — October 2002												
estimates	15.8	14.7	20.7	2.2	5.5	4.7	6.6	21.3	19.0		0.2	0.3
Sep 02 to Oct 02												
movements	11.1	10.4	13.8	1.9	4.4	3.7	5.2	14.1	13.0		0.1	0.2
					PERSO	NS						
2001 —												
August	6,543.6	2,580.6	9,124.2	35.0	494.6	149.3	644.0	9,768.2	5,673.7	15,441.9	6.6	63.3
September	6,717.6	2,537.4	9,255.0	40.5	509.7	162.8	672.5	9,927.6	5,532.5	15,460.1	6.8	64.2
October	6,639.2	2,565.4	9,204.6	41.4	503.4	156.7	660.1	9,864.7	5,614.2	15,478.9	6.7	63.7
November	6,632.7	2,557.7	9,190.4	40.3	487.5	142.0	629.5	9,819.8	5,677.8	15,497.7	6.4	63.4
December 2002 —	6,764.5	2,549.9	9,314.4	56.0	498.7	162.8	661.5	9,975.8	5,540.6	15,516.5	6.6	64.3
January	6,677.8	2,446.0	9,123.8	54.3	561.9	165.3	727.3	9,851.1	5,681.6	15,532.7	7.4	63.4
February	6,681.4	2,549.5	9,230.9	53.1	554.5	171.7	726.2	9,957.2	5,591.7	15,548.8	7.3	64.0
March	6,655.8	2,611.8	9,267.6	44.8	488.7	173.3	661.9	9,929.5	5,635.5	15,565.0	6.7	63.8
April	6,609.4	2,649.7	9,259.1	39.9	472.0	158.1	630.1	9,889.2	5,696.4	15,585.6	6.4	63.5
May	6,663.5	2,620.4	9,283.9	38.9	464.6	161.7	626.3	9,910.2	5,695.9	15,606.1	6.3	63.5
June	6,612.8	2,726.7	9,339.5	41.2	478.9	145.5	624.4	9,964.0	5,662.8	15,626.7	6.3	63.8
July	6,698.6	2,649.4	9,348.0	33.9	424.2	133.6	557.8	9,905.8	5,741.5	15,647.3	5.6	63.3
August	6,643.4	2,666.7	9,310.1	33.7	441.1	154.9	596.1	9,906.1	5,761.7	15,667.8	6.0	63.2
September	6,780.3	2,667.1	9,447.4	36.3	454.7	173.7	628.5	10,075.9	5,612.5	15,688.4	6.2	64.2
October	6,691.7	2,698.9	9,390.6	35.3	416.1	153.8	569.9	9,960.5	5,747.2	15,707.7	5.7	63.4
Standard error of — October 2002												
estimates Sep 02 to Oct 02	28.3	17.0	38.0	3.1	8.1	5.6	9.1	40.2	25.3		0.1	0.3
movements	16.3	11.8	18.4	2.5	6.3	4.4	7.0	18.8	15.4		0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

			_	Looking fo full-time wo		ved				
		Employed		Aged 15-19		Looking for			II	D
Month	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	looking for first job	Total - '000 -	part- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate - per	Partic- ipation rate cent -
-				MALES						
2001 —	4 202 5	742.0	5 126 4		225.0	(0.9	2967	5.512.0	7.0	72.4
August September October November December 2002 —	4,382.5 4,404.1 4,399.9 4,406.5 4,424.3	743.9 718.8 734.9 733.8 725.8	5,126.4 5,122.9 5,134.7 5,140.2 5,150.1	23.5 26.7 26.2 25.0 21.4	325.9 327.7 337.1 326.1 316.2	60.8 60.4 64.3 60.7 59.6	386.7 388.1 401.4 386.8 375.7	5,513.0 5,511.1 5,536.2 5,527.0 5,525.8	7.0 7.0 7.3 7.0 6.8	72.4 72.3 72.5 72.3 72.2
January February March April May June July August September October	4,447.6 4,431.7 4,440.6 4,429.6 4,473.7 4,436.0 4,418.8 4,439.3 4,448.0 4,423.6	715.8 752.3 755.0 751.7 733.0 777.2 780.2 781.7 762.2 788.7	5,163.4 5,184.0 5,195.6 5,181.4 5,206.7 5,213.2 5,199.0 5,220.9 5,210.2 5,212.4	21.0 23.0 21.2 21.4 19.2 20.5 22.5 23.8 21.6 23.0	323.2 320.9 306.3 304.8 301.9 304.2 289.7 281.9 284.0 278.6	68.5 61.6 62.5 66.3 64.2 59.6 54.2 72.4 62.2 59.9	391.8 382.4 368.8 371.0 366.1 363.8 343.9 354.3 346.3 338.5	5,555.2 5,566.4 5,564.4 5,552.4 5,572.8 5,577.0 5,542.9 5,575.2 5,556.4 5,550.8	7.1 6.9 6.6 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.2 6.4 6.2 6.1	72.5 72.6 72.5 72.2 72.4 72.3 71.8 72.1 71.8 71.6
	<u> </u>			MARRIED FEM	IALES			<u>-</u>		
2001 — August September October November December	1,310.8 1,336.6 1,305.8 1,325.6 1,322.9	1,164.9 1,122.8 1,164.7 1,158.4 1,160.6	2,475.8 2,459.3 2,470.5 2,484.1 2,483.5	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	69.9 69.7 67.8 64.4 64.9	31.0 29.1 36.2 33.8 34.4	100.9 98.8 104.0 98.1 99.3	2,576.6 2,558.2 2,574.5 2,582.2 2,582.8	3.9 3.9 4.0 3.8 3.8	57.5 57.0 57.5 57.6 57.4
2002 — January February March April May June July August September October	1,336.3 1,339.3 1,356.5 1,335.1 1,330.3 1,327.3 1,307.6 1,361.1 1,367.5 1,359.4	1,179.0 1,162.3 1,141.8 1,157.5 1,154.5 1,189.5 1,178.9 1,190.4 1,169.1 1,198.0	2,515.3 2,501.7 2,498.3 2,492.6 2,484.8 2,516.8 2,486.5 2,551.6 2,536.6 2,557.4	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	66.5 61.7 56.9 60.4 59.0 72.1 62.4 62.3 59.7 55.3	35.6 31.7 27.6 25.4 29.5 27.0 32.3 27.2 33.2 27.2	102.1 93.4 84.5 85.8 88.6 99.1 94.7 89.6 92.9 82.5	2,617.4 2,595.1 2,582.7 2,578.4 2,573.4 2,615.9 2,581.2 2,641.1 2,629.5 2,639.9	3.9 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.5 3.1	58.3 57.9 57.5 57.3 57.2 58.0 56.9 57.7 57.8
	<u> </u>		-	ALL FEMAL	ES			<u>-</u>		
2001 — August September October November December	2,241.1 2,269.1 2,223.2 2,231.3 2,212.9	1,826.7 1,766.5 1,821.5 1,820.2 1,836.1	4,067.8 4,035.6 4,044.6 4,051.5 4,048.9	20.8 22.4 22.0 19.2 19.9	187.2 181.3 190.9 184.0 182.3	97.4 93.1 101.2 100.1 107.3	284.6 274.5 292.2 284.1 289.5	4,352.4 4,310.1 4,336.8 4,335.6 4,338.5	6.5 6.4 6.7 6.6 6.7	55.6 55.0 55.3 55.2 55.2
January February March April May June July August September October	2,239.4 2,232.4 2,260.0 2,215.8 2,247.0 2,216.8 2,216.3 2,283.5 2,286.4 2,250.9	1,859.9 1,866.7 1,848.6 1,863.6 1,851.5 1,887.7 1,874.3 1,873.6 1,850.7 1,899.9	4,099.3 4,099.1 4,108.7 4,079.4 4,098.5 4,104.6 4,090.5 4,157.1 4,137.1 4,150.8	19.3 20.4 24.8 18.9 21.3 24.1 18.5 19.1 22.4 18.2	195.3 180.7 167.8 168.6 162.6 188.1 167.6 175.9 169.1 157.4	105.4 89.4 85.7 82.0 93.8 92.0 97.9 92.6 101.7 102.8	300.7 270.1 253.5 250.6 256.4 280.1 265.4 268.4 270.9 260.2	4,400.1 4,369.2 4,362.2 4,330.0 4,354.8 4,384.7 4,356.0 4,425.5 4,408.0 4,410.9	6.8 6.2 5.8 5.8 5.9 6.4 6.1 6.1 5.9	55.9 55.5 55.3 54.8 55.1 55.4 54.9 55.7 55.4 55.4
2001				PERSONS	}					
2001 — August September October November December 2002 —	6,623.5 6,673.2 6,623.0 6,637.8 6,637.2	2,570.6 2,485.4 2,556.4 2,554.0 2,561.8	9,194.1 9,158.6 9,179.4 9,191.8 9,199.0	44.3 49.2 48.2 44.1 41.3	513.0 509.0 528.0 510.1 498.4	158.2 153.6 165.6 160.8 166.9	671.3 662.6 693.6 670.9 665.3	9,865.4 9,821.2 9,873.0 9,862.7 9,864.3	6.8 6.7 7.0 6.8 6.7	63.9 63.5 63.8 63.6 63.6
January February March April May June July August September October	6,687.0 6,664.1 6,700.6 6,645.5 6,720.7 6,652.9 6,635.0 6,722.7 6,734.4 6,674.5	2,575.7 2,619.0 2,603.7 2,615.3 2,584.4 2,664.9 2,654.4 2,655.3 2,612.9 2,688.6	9,262.7 9,283.1 9,304.3 9,260.8 9,305.2 9,317.8 9,289.5 9,378.0 9,347.3 9,363.1	40.3 43.4 46.0 40.3 40.5 44.6 41.1 42.9 44.0 41.2	518.6 501.6 474.1 473.4 464.5 492.3 457.3 457.7 453.2 436.0	174.0 150.9 148.2 148.2 158.0 151.6 152.0 165.0 163.9 162.7	692.5 652.5 622.3 621.6 622.5 643.9 609.4 622.7 617.1 598.6	9,955.2 9,935.7 9,926.6 9,882.4 9,927.7 9,961.7 9,898.8 10,000.7 9,964.4 9,961.7	7.0 6.6 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.5 6.2 6.2 6.2	64.1 63.9 63.8 63.4 63.6 63.7 63.3 63.8 63.5

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

Month 2001 —			_	Looking fo full-time wo		ea				
		Employed		Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for part-			Unemp-	Partic-
Month	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	for first job -	Total - '000 -	time work	Total	Labour force	loyment rate - per	ipation rate <u>cent -</u>
				MALES						
August	4,382.4	735.4	5,117.8	25.1	327.7	63.5	391.2	5,509.0	7.1	72.3
September October	4,389.9 4,401.6	734.7 731.6	5,124.6 5,133.2	25.2 24.8	328.6 328.4	62.7 62.1	391.3 390.5	5,515.9 5,523.7	7.1 7.1	72.3 72.4
November	4,413.6	729.8	5,143.3	24.1	327.0	62.0	389.0	5,532.3	7.0	72.4
December 2002 —	4,423.9	730.3	5,154.2	23.3	323.9	62.5	386.4	5,540.6	7.0	72.4
January	4,432.3	733.3	5,165.6	22.4	319.9	63.4	383.3	5,549.0	6.9	72.4
February March	4,438.7 4,442.6	738.3 744.6	5,177.0 5,187.2	21.5 21.0	315.6 311.3	63.8 63.6	379.4 374.9	5,556.4 5,562.1	6.8 6.7	72.4 72.4
April r	4,444.0	751.6	5,195.6	20.8	306.9	63.1	370.0	5,565.5	6.6	72.4
May r	4,442.9	758.7	5,201.6	21.0	302.1 296.8	62.6	364.7	5,566.3	6.6	72.3 72.2
June r July r	4,440.9 4,438.7	764.8 770.2	5,205.7 5,208.9	21.3 21.7	290.8	62.3 62.3	359.1 354.1	5,564.9 5,563.0	6.5 6.4	72.2
August r	4,436.3	775.3	5,211.6	22.2	287.1	62.4	349.4	5,561.0	6.3	72.0
September r October	4,434.0 4,432.1	779.5 783.1	5,213.5 5,215.3	22.7 23.0	282.9 279.2	62.4 62.2	345.2 341.4	5,558.8 5,556.7	6.2 6.1	71.8 71.7
			N	ARRIED FEMA	ALES					
2001 — August	1,311.1	1,152.3	2,463.4	n.a.	69.6	32.0	101.6	2,564.9	4.0	57.2
September	1,313.9	1,154.0	2,467.9	n.a.	69.1	32.7	101.8	2,569.7	4.0	57.3
October November	1,318.2 1,323.9	1,156.5 1,159.8	2,474.8 2,483.8	n.a. n.a.	68.0 66.6	33.5 34.1	101.5 100.6	2,576.3 2,584.4	3.9 3.9	57.4 57.6
December	1,330.3	1,161.2	2,491.5	n.a.	64.7	33.9	98.7	2,590.1	3.8	57.7
2002 — January	1,335.9	1,161.0	2,497.0	n.a.	62.9	32.9	95.8	2,592.8	3.7	57.7
February March	1,338.9 1,338.7	1,159.8 1,159.1	2,498.7 2,497.9	n.a. n.a.	61.6 61.2	31.2 29.5	92.8 90.7	2,591.6 2,588.5	3.6 3.5	57.7 57.6
April r	1,335.9	1,160.5	2,496.3	n.a.	61.7	28.3	90.0	2,586.3	3.5	57.5
May r June r	1,333.0 1,333.4	1,165.1 1,171.6	2,498.2 2,505.0	n.a. n.a.	62.5 63.2	28.1 28.5	90.6 91.7	2,588.8 2,596.6	3.5 3.5	57.4 57.5
July r	1,337.4	1,178.3	2,505.0	n.a.	63.1	29.2	92.3	2,607.9	3.5	57.5
August r September r	1,344.0 1,350.3	1,183.5 1,187.5	2,527.4 2,537.8	n.a. n.a.	62.1 60.7	29.6 29.9	91.8 90.6	2,619.2 2,628.4	3.5 3.4	57.6 57.7
October	1,353.3	1,189.8	2,543.1	n.a.	58.9	30.0	88.9	2,632.0	3.4	57.8
				ALL FEMALI	ES					
2001 — August	2,236.5	1,807.2	4,043.7	22.2	186.3	97.5	283.8	4,327.4	6.6	55.3
September	2,233.7	1,809.7	4,043.4	21.7	187.1	98.3	285.4	4,328.8	6.6	55.2
October November	2,232.6 2,231.9	1,815.3 1,825.0	4,047.9 4,056.8	21.0 20.4	187.3 187.3	100.2 101.3	287.5 288.6	4,335.3 4,345.4	6.6 6.6	55.3 55.3
December 2002 —	2,232.2	1,836.0	4,068.2	20.2	185.8	100.6	286.4	4,354.6	6.6	55.4
January	2,233.2	1,847.0	4,080.2	20.4	182.8	97.8	280.6	4,360.8	6.4	55.4
February March	2,233.7 2,233.4	1,855.6 1,861.1	4,089.2 4,094.6	20.8 21.2	178.9 175.1	94.0 90.5	272.9 265.7	4,362.1 4,360.3	6.3 6.1	55.4 55.3
April r	2,232.9	1,863.9	4,096.9	21.5	172.8	88.6	261.4	4,358.3	6.0	55.2
May r	2,233.5 2,237.4	1,866.2 1,868.3	4,099.7 4,105.7	21.5 21.1	172.1 172.1	89.2 91.6	261.2 263.8	4,361.0 4,369.5	6.0	55.1
June r July r	2,244.6	1.871.2	4,115.8	20.7	172.1	94.7	266.8	4.382.7	6.0 6.1	55.2 55.3
August r	2,253.5	1,874.0	4,127.6	20.3	170.9	97.4	268.3	4,395.9	6.1	55.4
September r October	2,261.7 2,270.2	1,876.9 1,879.0	4,138.6 4,149.3	19.9 19.8	168.9 166.3	99.7 101.6	268.6 267.9	4,407.2 4,417.2	6.1 6.1	55.4 55.5
				PERSONS						
2001 — August	6,618.9	2,542.6	9,161.5	47.3	514.0	160.9	675.0	9,836.4	6.9	63.7
September	6,623.6	2,544.5	9,168.0	46.9	515.7	161.0	676.7	9,844.7	6.9	63.7
October November	6,634.2 6,645.4	2,546.9 2,554.7	9,181.1 9,200.2	45.8 44.6	515.7 514.2	162.3 163.3	678.0 677.6	9,859.1 9,877.7	6.9 6.9	63.7 63.7
December	6,656.1	2,566.3	9,222.4	43.5	509.7	163.1	672.8	9,895.2	6.8	63.8
2002 — January	6,665.5	2,580.4	9,245.9	42.7	502.7	161.2	663.9	9,909.8	6.7	63.8
February March	6,672.3 6,676.1	2,593.9 2,605.8	9,266.2 9,281.8	42.3 42.2	494.5 486.4	157.8 154.1	652.3 640.6	9,918.5 9,922.4	6.6 6.5	63.8 63.7
April r	6,676.9	2,615.5	9,292.4 9,301.3	42.3	479.7	151.8	631.4	9,922.4 9,923.9 9,927.3	6.4	63.7
May r	6,676.4	2.624.9	9,301.3	42.5	474.1	151.8	625.9	9,927.3	6.3	63.6
June r July r	6,678.3 6,683.4	2,633.2 2,641.4	9,311.4 9,324.7	42.4 42.4	469.0 463.9	153.9 157.0	622.9 621.0	9,934.3 9,945.7	6.3 6.2	63.6 63.6
August r September r	6,689.9 6,695.7	2,649.3 2,656.4	9,339.2 9,352.2	42.5 42.5	458.0 451.7	159.7 162.1	617.7 613.8	9,956.9 9,965.9	6.2 6.2	63.6 63.5

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 2002

		Employed		U	Unemployed Looking			Not in labour force	Civilian popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate - per c	Partici-
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	for full- time work	for part- time work - '000 -	Total	Labour force				pation rate
Males	4,430.8	794.6	5,225.4	265.2	56.3	321.4	5,546.9	2,201.4	7,748.3	5.8	71.6
Married	3,071.8	309.4	3,381.2	98.2	8.0	106.2	3,487.4	1,182.1	4,669.5	3.0	74.7
Not married	1,359.0	485.2	1,844.2	167.0	48.3	215.3	2,059.5	1,019.3	3,078.8	10.5	66.9
Females	2,260.9	1,904.2	4,165.2	150.9	97.5	248.4	4,413.6	3,545.8	7,959.4	5.6	55.5
Married	1,367.7	1,196.6	2,564.3	53.6	26.6	80.2	2,644.5	1,920.1	4,564.6	3.0	57.9
Not married	893.3	707.7	1,600.9	97.4	70.9	168.2	1,769.2	1,625.7	3,394.9	9.5	52.1
Persons	6,691.7	2,698.9	9,390.6	416.1	153.8	569.9	9,960.5	5,747.2	15,707.7	5.7	63.4

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, OCTOBER 2002

			SIAIE	S AND TEK	KITOKIES, C	CIUBER	2002		G: :1:		
				i	Unemployed				Civilian popula-		
		Employed		Looking	Looking			Not in	popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
_	Full-time	Part-time		for full-	for part-		Labour	labour	aged 15	loyment	pation
State or	workers	workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
Territory					- '000 -		Jeres	Jorda		- perc	
					MALES					•	
New South Wales	1,502.7	258.9	1,761.5	76.8	17.5	94.4	1,855.9	752.2	2,608.1	5.1	71.2
Victoria	1,100.5	194.6	1,295.0	68.4	14.0	82.4	1,377.4	565.2	1,942.6	6.0	70.9
Queensland	835.7	152.2	987.9	53.0	11.9	64.9	1,052.8	396.4	1,449.2	6.2	72.6
South Australia	322.4	62.2	384.6	22.7	3.5	26.2	410.8	188.6	599.3	6.4	68.5
Western Australia	455.8	87.9	543.7	28.4	6.2	34.7	578.3	193.4	771.8	6.0	74.9
Tasmania	92.3	16.0	108.3	8.9	1.3	10.1	118.4	63.5	181.9	8.6	65.1
Northern Territory	44.5	9.4	53.9	3.1	* 0.9	4.0	57.9	16.0	73.9	6.9	78.4
Australian Capital											
Territory	76.9	13.6	90.5	3.9	* 0.8	4.8	95.3	26.2	121.5	5.0	78.4
Australia	4,430.8	794.6	5,225.4	265.2	56.3	321.4	5,546.9	2,201.4	7,748.3	5.8	71.6
				F	FEMALES						
New South Wales	754.7	602.1	1,356.9	50.0	26.6	76.6	1,433.5	1,244.3	2,677.8	5.3	53.5
Victoria	582.5	483.1	1,065.6	30.5	25.7	56.3	1,121.9	890.1	2,012.0	5.0	55.8
Queensland	429.6	361.7	791.3	38.0	24.5	62.5	853.8	630.5	1,484.3	7.3	57.5
South Australia	155.4	157.5	312.9	11.4	7.5	18.9	331.8	292.5	624.4	5.7	53.1
Western Australia	210.2	211.3	421.5	13.6	8.8	22.5	443.9	328.7	772.7	5.1	57.5
Tasmania	44.2	45.1	89.3	4.5	2.9	7.4	96.7	96.1	192.8	7.7	50.2
Northern Territory	30.5	13.7	44.1	1.3	* 0.5	1.8	46.0	22.5	68.4	3.9	67.2
Australian Capital	30.3	13.7	77.1	1.3	0.5	1.0	40.0	22.3	00.4	3.7	07.2
Territory	53.8	29.7	83.5	1.5	* 0.9	2.5	85.9	41.0	127.0	2.9	67.7
Australia	2,260.9	1,904.2	4,165.2	150.9	97.5	248.4	4,413.6	3,545.8	7,959.4	5.6	55.5
				I	PERSONS						
New South Wales	2,257.4	861.0	3,118.4	126.8	44.2	171.0	3,289.4	1,996.5	5,285.9	5.2	62.2
Victoria	1,683.0	677.7	2,360.7	98.9	39.7	138.7	2,499.3	1,455.3	3,954.6	5.5	63.2
Queensland	1,265.3	513.9	1,779.2	90.9	36.5	127.4	1,906.6	1,026.8	2,933.5	6.7	65.0
South Australia	477.8	219.7	697.5	34.1	11.0	45.1	742.6	481.1	1,223.7	6.1	60.7
Western Australia	666.0	299.2	965.1	42.0	15.1	57.1	1,022.3	522.2	1,544.4	5.6	66.2
Tasmania	136.4	61.2	197.6	13.4	4.2	17.6	215.2	159.6	374.8	8.2	57.4
Northern Territory	75.0	23.1	98.1	4.4	1.4	5.8	103.9	38.5	142.3	5.6	73.0
Australian Capital											
Territory	130.7	43.2	174.0	5.5	1.7	7.2	181.2	67.3	248.5	4.0	72.9
Australia	6,691.7	2,698.9	9,390.6	416.1	153.8	569.9	9,960.5	5,747.2	15,707.7	5.7	63.4

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES, OCTOBER 2002

	Employ	ved	Looking	<u>Unemployed</u> Looking			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
Capital city	Full-time workers	Total	for full- time work	for part- time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
				- '000 - MALES					- per	cent -
Sydney	1,009.3	1,167.6	43.7	10.9	54.6	1,222.2	449.1	1,671.2	4.5	73.1
Melbourne	817.9	962.4	52.3	10.3	62.5	1,024.9	403.0	1,427.9	6.1	71.8
Brisbane	391.4	464.9	21.8	5.5	27.3	492.2	170.2	662.4	5.6	74.3
Adelaide	238.9	285.1	15.9	3.0	18.9	304.0	137.3	441.3	6.2	68.9
Perth	333.2	394.9	20.4	4.2	24.6	419.4	147.6	567.0	5.9	74.0
Hobart	35.8	43.1	3.8	* 0.5	4.3	47.4	27.5	74.8	9.0	63.3
Total	2,826.5	3,317.9	157.8	34.4	192.2	3,510.2	1,334.6	4,844.8	5.5	72.5
				FEMALE	S					
Sydney	541.1	906.4	30.3	17.6	47.9	954.3	763.9	1,718.2	5.0	55.5
Melbourne	453.8	801.2	21.1	19.5	40.6	841.7	643.6	1,485.3	4.8	56.7
Brisbane	213.3	381.5	18.7	11.3	30.0	411.4	280.2	691.6	7.3	59.5
Adelaide	119.3	233.5	8.4	6.5	14.9	248.4	220.1	468.5	6.0	53.0
Perth	157.7	315.9	9.3	6.4	15.7	331.6	251.3	582.9	4.7	56.9
Hobart	20.7	39.4	1.5	0.7	2.2	41.6	39.9	81.6	5.3	51.1
Total	1,505.9	2,677.9	89.3	62.0	151.3	2,829.2	2,199.0	5,028.2	5.3	56.3
				PERSON	S					
Sydney	1,550.4	2,074.0	74.0	28.5	102.5	2,176.5	1,212.9	3,389.4	4.7	64.2
Melbourne	1,271.7	1,763.6	73.4	29.7	103.1	1,866.7	1,046.6	2,913.3	5.5	64.1
Brisbane	604.7	846.4	40.5	16.8	57.3	903.7	450.4	1,354.1	6.3	66.7
Adelaide	358.2	518.6	24.3	9.5	33.9	552.5	357.4	909.9	6.1	60.7
Perth	490.9	710.8	29.7	10.5	40.3	751.0	398.9	1,150.0	5.4	65.3
Hobart	56.6	82.5	5.3	1.2	6.5	89.0	67.4	156.4	7.3	56.9
Total	4,332.4	5,995.8	247.1	96.4	343.5	6,339.4	3,533.6	9,873.0	5.4	64.2

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, OCTOBER 2002

					Persons	1	
		Females		Aged	Aged	Aged 25 and	
	Males	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	over	<u>Total</u>
		— '000'	_				
Employed Full-time workers Part-time workers	90.5 76.9 13.6	48.9 32.0 16.9	83.5 53.8 29.7	12.8 3.0 9.8	22.7 14.7 7.9	138.5 113.0 25.5	174.0 130.7 43.2
Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	4.8 3.9 * 0.8	* 0.9 * 0.7 * 0.2	2.5 1.5 * 0.9	1.8 * 0.5 1.3	1.4 1.3 * 0.1	4.0 3.7 * 0.4	7.2 5.5 1.7
Labour force	95.3	49.8	85.9	14.6	24.0	142.6	181.2
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school	26.2 3.7	20.1 * 0.0	41.0 3.1	8.9 6.8	3.8	54.6	67.3 6.8
Civilian population	121.5	70.0	127.0	23.5	27.8	197.2	248.5
		— per cer	nt —				
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work Participation rate Employment/population ratio	5.0 4.9 78.4 74.5	* 1.8 * 2.3 71.2 69.9	2.9 2.8 67.7 65.7	12.6 * 15.1 62.2 54.4	5.6 7.9 86.5 81.6	2.8 3.2 72.3 70.3	4.0 4.0 72.9 70.0
		— numbe	er —				
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	33.2 44.7	25.3 * 60.5	24.6 51.1	17.6 * 14.7	27.2 * 26.6	30.4 68.2	29.1 46.9

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

			Male				OUR FOR		Fema						Perso	ons		
	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	ved			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
Monin			- '000 -	-	- per	cent -			- '000 -	-	- per	cent -			- '000 -	-	- per	cent -
							NEW	SOUTH	WALES									
2001 —																		
August	1,485.8	1,724.6	103.0	1,827.6	5.6	71.2	780.6	1,352.6	89.0	1,441.6	6.2	54.6	2,266.5	3,077.2	192.0	3,269.2	5.9	62.8
September	1,487.7	1,718.8	116.4	1,835.2	6.3	71.4	780.2	1,336.2	86.9	1,423.1	6.1	53.8	2,267.8	3,055.0	203.3	3,258.3	6.2	62.5
October	1,483.9	1,718.8	120.0	1,838.7	6.5	71.4	760.2	1,333.5	97.5	1,431.0	6.8	54.1	2,244.1	3,052.2	217.4	3,269.7	6.7	62.6
November	1,479.9	1,719.0	118.1	1,837.1	6.4	71.3	762.7	1,337.8	89.5	1,427.3	6.3	53.9	2,242.6	3,056.8	207.6	3,264.4	6.4	62.5
December	1,492.5	1,721.2	108.2	1,829.4	5.9	70.9	759.0	1,334.7	90.7	1,425.4	6.4	53.8	2,251.5	3,055.9	198.9	3,254.8	6.1	62.2
2002 —																		
January	1,496.6	1,721.2	113.5	1,834.6	6.2	71.0	787.9	1,378.3	97.3	1,475.6	6.6	55.6	2,284.4	3,099.4	210.8	3,310.2	6.4	63.2
February	1,503.4	1,738.0	117.2	1,855.2	6.3	71.8	780.0	1,369.0	75.0	1,444.0	5.2	54.4	2,283.4	3,107.0	192.2	3,299.2	5.8	62.9
March	1,489.3	1,727.9	120.9	1,848.8	6.5	71.5	781.8	1,354.5	74.8	1,429.3	5.2	53.8	2,271.1	3,082.4	195.7	3,278.1	6.0	62.5
April	1,486.6	1,730.0	120.4	1,850.4	6.5	71.4	751.7	1,341.1	77.2	1,418.3	5.4	53.3	2,238.3	3,071.1	197.6	3,268.7	6.0	62.2
May	1,505.1	1,737.2	119.6	1,856.7	6.4	71.6	779.0	1,349.1	80.5	1,429.7	5.6	53.7	2,284.1	3,086.3	200.1	3,286.4	6.1	62.5
June	1,482.8	1,741.0	120.1	1,861.1	6.5	71.7	767.6	1,356.2	88.2	1,444.4	6.1	54.2	2,250.4	3,097.2	208.3	3,305.5	6.3	62.8
July	1,492.8	1,738.0	115.8	1,853.9	6.2	71.3	769.0	1,362.1	90.1	1,452.2	6.2	54.4	2,261.8	3,100.2	206.0	3,306.1	6.2	62.7
August		1,750.5	99.8	1,850.3	5.4	71.1	791.6	1,369.3	75.4	1,444.6	5.2	54.1	2,291.3	3,119.7	175.2	3,294.9	5.3	62.5
September	1,502.5			1,850.4	6.0	71.0		1,351.6		1,438.3	6.0	53.8	2,278.0		197.9	3,288.7	6.0	62.3
October		1,754.9		1,854.3	5.4	71.1		1,348.5		1,432.0	5.8	53.5	2,247.7			3,286.2	5.6	
								VICTOR	RIA									
2001 —																		
August	1,110.3	1,300.8	89.2	1,390.0	6.4	73.0	561.8	1,021.0	67.1	1,088.2	6.2	55.0	1,672.1	2,321.8	156.4	2,478.2	6.3	63.8
September	1,118.5	1,304.1	90.1	1,394.1	6.5	73.1	573.8	1,015.1	61.0	1,076.1	5.7	54.4	1,692.3			2,470.2	6.1	63.6
October	1,115.5	1,301.6	101.9	1,403.6	7.3	73.5	566.5	1,016.4	72.0	1,088.4	6.6	54.9	1,682.1	2,318.1	173.9	2,492.0	7.0	64.0
November	1,125.9	1,305.6	87.8	1,393.4	6.3	72.8	566.1	1,019.3	71.0	1,090.3	6.5	54.9	1,692.0	2,324.8	158.9	2,483.7	6.4	63.7
December	1,133.1	1,308.9	88.2	1,397.0	6.3	72.9	557.3	1,014.1	74.5	1,088.6	6.8	54.8	1,690.4	2,322.9	162.7	2,485.6	6.5	63.7
2002 —																		
January	1,135.3	1,317.6	94.8	1,412.4	6.7	73.6	559.1	1,036.1	71.5	1,107.6	6.5	55.7	1,694.5	2,353.7	166.3	2,520.0	6.6	64.5
February	1,117.8	1,303.7	89.7	1,393.4	6.4	72.5	549.7	1,027.4	67.9	1,095.3	6.2	55.0	1,667.5	2,331.1	157.6	2,488.7	6.3	63.6
March	1,131.5	1,317.9	82.2	1,400.2	5.9	72.8	558.5	1,033.2	63.0	1,096.2	5.7	55.0	1,689.9	2,351.2	145.2	2,496.4	5.8	63.7
April	1,124.5	1,310.4	82.0	1,392.4	5.9	72.3	560.4	1,032.8	59.6	1,092.3	5.5	54.7	1,684.9	2,343.1	141.6	2,484.7	5.7	63.3
May	1,133.7			1,399.9	5.9	72.6		1,040.7		1,100.8	5.5	55.1	1,687.5			2,500.8	5.7	63.7
June	1,130.0	1,319.0	87.5	1,406.5	6.2	72.8	555.5	1,028.8	69.4	1,098.2	6.3	54.9	1,685.5	2,347.8	156.9	2,504.7	6.3	63.7
July	1,120.1	1,309.3	76.9	1,386.2	5.5	71.7	556.2	1,031.7	54.5	1,086.2	5.0	54.2	1,676.3	2,341.0	131.4	2,472.4	5.3	62.8
August		1,313.3		1,400.2	6.2	72.3		1,059.1		1,124.2	5.8	56.0	1,698.5		152.1		6.0	64.0
September	1,119.5			1,391.3	5.9	71.7		1,052.0		1,114.3	5.6	55.5	1,704.0			2,505.6	5.8	63.5
October	,	1,295.0		1,381.9	6.3	71.1		1,059.4		1,119.0		55.6	1,680.8			2,500.9	5.9	63.2

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

			Male		121111		FORCE, ST		Fema		20012	D DEIGH	0 000000000		Perso	ons		
	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							QI	JEENSL	AND									
2001 —																		
August	805.7	951.4	87.7	1,039.1	8.4	73.3	414.3	764.0	66.1	830.2	8.0	57.4	1,220.0	1,715.4	153.8	1,869.3	8.2	65.3
September	814.5	949.3	86.9	1,036.2	8.4	73.0	415.8	760.2	64.0	824.1	7.8	56.9	1,230.3	1,709.4	150.9	1,860.4	8.1	64.9
October	815.9	954.3	83.8	1,038.1	8.1	73.1	411.9	761.4	67.1	828.6	8.1	57.1	1,227.8	1,715.8	150.9	1,866.7	8.1	65.0
November	811.9	952.7	86.0	1,038.7	8.3	73.0	413.3	761.3	62.6	823.9	7.6	56.7	1,225.2	1,714.0	148.5	1,862.5	8.0	64.7
December	816.3	958.5	88.2	1,046.8	8.4	73.5	413.7	766.0	62.9	828.9	7.6	56.9	1,230.1	1,724.5	151.1	1,875.6	8.1	65.1
2002 —																		
January	817.5	956.8	89.9	1,046.8	8.6	73.4	414.2	766.2	62.6	828.8	7.5	56.8	1,231.7	1,723.1	152.5	1,875.6	8.1	65.0
February	824.8	970.0	85.6	1.055.7	8.1	73.9	424.9	772.2	65.0	837.1	7.8	57.3		1,742.2	150.6	1,892.8	8.0	65.5
March	824.8	969.1	82.9	1,052.0	7.9	73.5	431.3	779.8	60.6	840.5	7.2	57.4	1.256.0	1,748.9	143.5	1,892.5	7.6	65.4
April	825.3	970.3		1,049.8	7.6	73.2	418.2	761.0	62.2	823.2	7.6	56.1		1,731.2	141.7	1,873.0	7.6	64.6
May	830.9	975.5		1,052.3	7.3	73.3	423.5	770.3	63.9	834.2	7.7	56.8	1,254.4			1,886.5	7.5	64.9
June	826.9	980.0	72.1	,	6.8	73.1	418.4	769.9	70.1	840.0	8.3	57.1		1,749.9	142.2		7.5	65.0
July	826.0	982.4		1,048.6	6.3	72.8	417.7	760.8	68.7	829.5	8.3	56.2		1,743.2	134.9	1,878.0	7.2	
August	831.8	982.4		1,052.8	6.7	72.9	423.4	783.0	66.9	849.9	7.9	57.5	1,255.2			1,902.7	7.2	65.1
September	827.9	980.1		1,047.9	6.5	72.4	425.6	785.8	65.3	851.1	7.7	57.5	1,253.5	1,766.0		1,899.1	7.0	64.9
October	830.0	980.2		1,049.9	6.6	72.5	427.6	788.7	64.2	852.9	7.5	57.5		1,768.9		1,902.9	7.0	
	050.0	,00.2	0,.,	1,0 .7.7		, 2.10			TRALIA	002.5	7.0		1,207.0	1,700.7	100.5	1,,, 02.,,	7.0	
							200											
2001 —																		
August	317.8	374.1	32.6	406.7	8.0	68.5	151.8	302.7	20.8	323.5	6.4	52.3	469.6	676.8	53.4	730.2	7.3	60.2
September	316.9	374.4	31.8	406.2	7.8	68.3	156.3	301.6	20.7	322.3	6.4	52.0	473.2	676.0	52.5	728.5	7.2	60.0
October	318.4	374.9	32.7	407.5	8.0	68.5	154.0	303.5	20.0	323.4	6.2	52.2	472.4	678.4	52.6	731.0	7.2	60.2
November	318.8	376.4	32.1	408.5	7.9	68.7	159.3	307.9	18.4	326.3	5.6	52.6	478.2	684.3	50.5	734.8	6.9	60.5
December	317.6	377.3	31.7	409.0	7.8	68.7	154.7	303.8	20.4	324.2	6.3	52.3	472.3	681.1	52.1	733.2	7.1	60.3
2002 —																		
January	323.0	380.6	31.2	411.9	7.6	69.2	151.8	304.9	21.1	326.0	6.5	52.5	474.8	685.5	52.4	737.9	7.1	60.7
February	317.3	381.2	32.5	413.7	7.8	69.4	151.0	305.7	20.6	326.4	6.3	52.6	468.3	687.0	53.1	740.0	7.2	60.8
March	321.1	384.2	28.7	413.0	7.0	69.3	148.3	305.0	19.8	324.8	6.1	52.3	469.4	689.2	48.5	737.7	6.6	60.6
April	322.0	383.3	30.5	413.8	7.4	69.4	150.4	311.8	18.8	330.6	5.7	53.2	472.5	695.1	49.3	744.4	6.6	61.1
May	324.5	383.2	30.0	413.3	7.3	69.2	153.3	312.1	18.9	331.0	5.7	53.2	477.8	695.3	48.9	744.3	6.6	61.0
June	319.2	380.0	32.1	412.1	7.8	69.0	150.3	314.1	19.5	333.7	5.9	53.6	469.5	694.1	51.6	745.7	6.9	61.1
July	323.3	382.0	28.3	410.3	6.9	68.6	149.7	306.4	19.8	326.2	6.1	52.4	473.0	688.5	48.0	736.5	6.5	60.3
August	325.4	380.3	29.4	409.7	7.2	68.5	151.4	308.7	20.4	329.1	6.2	52.8	476.8	688.9	49.9	738.8	6.7	60.5
September	326.4	389.9	26.6	416.6	6.4	69.5	152.7	309.2	21.4	330.6	6.5	53.0	479.2	699.1	48.0	747.2	6.4	61.1
October	323.1	384.8	26.4	411.2	6.4	68.6	154.9	310.9	20.4	331.3	6.1	53.1	478.0	695.7	46.7	742.5	6.3	

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

			Male		ILIAN L		,		Fema						Perso	ons		
	Employ	red			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic	Employ	ved			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							WEST	ERN AU	STRALIA	١								
2001 —																		
August	452.8	527.3	43.6	570.9	7.6	75.4	212.3	413.3	25.8	439.1	5.9	58.0	665.1	940.6	69.3	1,009.9	6.9	66.7
September	452.7	527.2	41.5	568.8	7.3	75.1	212.1	411.5	28.3	439.8	6.4	58.0	664.8	938.7	69.8	1,008.5	6.9	66.5
October	454.1	529.8	40.1	569.9	7.0	75.1	206.0	411.4	28.8	440.2	6.6	58.0	660.1	941.2	68.9	1,010.2	6.8	66.5
November	464.3	536.5	38.2	574.7	6.6	75.6	206.7	412.7	26.0	438.8	5.9	57.7	671.0	949.2	64.2	1,013.4	6.3	66.7
December	457.2	533.7	38.6	572.3	6.7	75.2	203.7	409.4	25.6	435.0	5.9	57.1	660.8	943.1	64.2	1,007.3	6.4	66.2
2002 —																		
January	460.9	533.1	39.9	573.0	7.0	75.2	203.6	407.4	30.6	438.1	7.0	57.5	664.5	940.5	70.6	1,011.1	7.0	66.3
February	461.3	537.5	38.7	576.3	6.7	75.5	207.4	417.7	25.6	443.3	5.8	58.1	668.7	955.2	64.3	1,019.5	6.3	66.8
March	455.3	535.0	34.4	569.4	6.0	74.6	205.6	420.0	21.8	441.8	4.9	57.8	660.9	955.0	56.2	1,011.2	5.6	66.2
April	458.3	536.6	41.7	578.4	7.2	75.6	213.7	416.0	22.4	438.5	5.1	57.3	671.9	952.7	64.2	1,016.8	6.3	66.4
May	462.8	537.9	42.8	580.7	7.4	75.8	213.2	412.7	23.5	436.2	5.4	56.9	676.0	950.6		1,016.9	6.5	66.3
June	459.1	547.1	34.7	581.8	6.0	75.8	209.6	417.2	23.3	440.5	5.3	57.3	668.8	964.2		1,022.3	5.7	66.6
July	448.9	536.3	39.6	575.9	6.9	74.9	207.3	419.0	20.9	439.8	4.7	57.2	656.2	955.3	60.5	1,015.8	6.0	66.1
August	449.8	539.9	41.7	581.5	7.2	75.6	214.1	417.4	25.5	442.9	5.8	57.5	663.9	957.2	67.2	1,024.4	6.6	66.5
September	455.0	540.0	41.5	581.5	7.1	75.4	214.7	426.8	22.8	449.6	5.1	58.3	669.7	966.8	64.3	1,031.1	6.2	66.8
October	458.1	542.7	35.8	578.4	6.2	74.9	208.4	420.2	26.0	446.2	5.8	57.8	666.4	962.9		1,024.7	6.0	
								ΓASMA	NIA									
2001 —																		
August	92.8	107.1	13.0	120.1	10.8	66.3	43.8	89.0	7.5	96.5	7.8	50.4	136.5	196.1	20.5	216.6	9.5	58.1
September	95.5	109.7	13.1	122.8	10.7	67.8	47.1	89.9	7.6	97.5	7.7	50.8	142.6	199.6	20.6	220.2	9.4	59.1
October	92.5	109.9	12.4	122.3	10.1	67.5	45.0	90.1	6.5	96.6	6.7	50.4	137.5	200.1	18.9	219.0	8.6	
November	93.9	110.6	12.7	123.3	10.3	68.0	44.9	90.3	6.6	96.9	6.8	50.5	138.8	200.9	19.3	220.2	8.8	59.0
December	94.0	109.7	11.5	121.2	9.5	66.9	44.6	88.8	7.0	95.9	7.3	50.0	138.6	198.5	18.6	217.1	8.6	
2002 —																		
January	93.8	110.8	11.4	122.2	9.3	67.4	44.5	87.6	8.2	95.8	8.5	49.9	138.4	198.4	19.6	218.0	9.0	58.4
February	94.0	110.6	10.5	121.0	8.6	66.8	43.0	88.3	8.4	96.6	8.6	50.3	137.0	198.9	18.8	217.7	8.6	58.3
March	93.7	108.7	11.6	120.3	9.6	66.4	44.4	88.9	5.9	94.8	6.2	49.4	138.1	197.7	17.5	215.2	8.1	57.6
April	92.0	107.7	11.0	118.8	9.3	65.5	41.6	88.7	6.1	94.8	6.4	49.3	133.6	196.4	17.1	213.6	8.0	57.2
May	91.5	106.9	12.0	118.8	10.1	65.5	42.2	90.2	6.3	96.5	6.5	50.2	133.7	197.0	18.3	215.3	8.5	57.6
June	93.6	109.2	11.4	120.7	9.5	66.4	41.2	90.6	7.3	97.9	7.5	50.9	134.8	199.8	18.7	218.6	8.6	58.4
July	91.6	107.2	11.6	118.8	9.8	65.4	41.7	89.5	9.0	98.4	9.1	51.1	133.3	196.7	20.6	217.2	9.5	58.1
August	94.2	109.5	10.4	120.0	8.7	66.0	43.0	90.4	7.3	97.8	7.5	50.7	137.1	200.0	17.8	217.7	8.2	
September	94.7	110.5	11.5	121.9	9.4	67.1	45.1	87.6	8.1	95.7	8.4	49.6	139.8	198.0	19.5	217.6	9.0	
October	92.8	109.0	10.5	119.5	8.8	65.7	44.5	89.6	7.3	96.8	7.5	50.2	137.3	198.6	17.7	216.3	8.2	

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES

			Male				OUR FORC		Fema						Perso	ons		
	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Partic-
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NEW	SOUTH	WALES									
2001 —																		
August	1,481.5	1,719.1	113.3	1,832.4	6.2	71.3	778.8	1,342.3	87.9	1,430.2	6.1	54.1	2,260.3	3,061.4	201.1	3,262.5	6.2	62.6
September	1,482.5	1,719.4	113.8	1,833.2	6.2	71.3	772.2	1,338.8	90.6	1,429.4	6.3	54.1	2,254.7	3,058.2	204.5	3,262.7	6.3	62.6
October	1,485.0	1,719.9	114.1	1,834.0	6.2	71.2	767.1	1,337.1	92.3	1,429.4	6.5	54.0	2,252.1	3,057.0	206.4	3,263.4	6.3	62.5
November	1,488.0	1,720.9	114.5	1,835.4	6.2	71.2	764.0	1,338.1	92.2	1,430.3	6.4	54.0	2,252.1	3,059.1	206.7	3,265.7	6.3	62.5
December	1,491.1	1,722.6	115.0	1,837.6	6.3	71.2	763.7	1,341.0	90.0	1,430.9	6.3	54.0	2,254.8	3,063.5	205.0	3,268.5	6.3	62.5
2002 —																		
January	1,493.4	1,725.0	115.8	1,840.8	6.3	71.3	765.3	1,344.6	86.2	1,430.9	6.0	53.9	2,258.7	3,069.6	202.1	3,271.7	6.2	62.5
February	1,494.6	1,727.8	117.2	1,845.0	6.4	71.4	767.3	1,348.0	82.7	1,430.7	5.8	53.9	2,261.8	3,075.8	199.9	3,275.7	6.1	62.5
March	1,494.6	1,730.9	118.7	1,849.6	6.4	71.5	769.1	1,350.8	80.3	1,431.1	5.6	53.8	2,263.7	3,081.7	199.0	3,280.7	6.1	62.5
April r	1,493.8	1,733.6	119.8	1,853.4	6.5	71.5	770.9	1,353.0	79.7	1,432.7	5.6	53.8	2,264.7	3,086.6	199.5	3,286.1	6.1	62.6
May r	1,493.0	1,736.2	119.2	1,855.4	6.4	71.5	772.2	1,354.7	80.8	1,435.4	5.6	53.9	2,265.2	3,090.8	200.0	3,290.8	6.1	62.6
June r	1,493.3	1,738.7	116.6	1,855.4	6.3	71.4	773.2	1,356.0	82.5	1,438.5	5.7	53.9	2,266.4	3,094.7	199.1	3,293.8	6.0	62.6
July r	1,494.6	1,741.5	113.0	1,854.5	6.1	71.3	773.6	1,357.1	84.0	1,441.1	5.8	54.0	2,268.2	3,098.6	197.0	3,295.6	6.0	62.5
August r	1,496.1	1,744.4	109.3	1,853.7	5.9	71.2	773.4	1,357.8	84.5	1,442.3	5.9	54.0	2,269.5	3,102.2	193.8	3,296.0	5.9	62.5
September r	1,497.6	1,747.2	105.8	1,853.0	5.7	71.1	772.1	1,357.7	84.5	1,442.2	5.9	53.9	2,269.7	3,104.9	190.3	3,295.2	5.8	62.4
October	1,498.5	1,749.4	102.8	1,852.2	5.5	71.0	771.0	1,357.1	84.2	1,441.3	5.8	53.8	2,269.5	3,106.5	187.0	3,293.4	5.7	62.3
								VICTO	RIA									
2001 —																		
August	1,113.3	1,302.0	89.8	1,391.7	6.5	73.1	562.1	1,014.5	67.8	1,082.3	6.3	54.7	1,675.4	2,316.4	157.6	2,474.0	6.4	63.7
September	1,116.0	1,302.8	91.6	1,394.4	6.6	73.1	563.7	1,015.2	68.1	1,083.4	6.3	54.7	1,679.7	2,318.0	159.8	2,477.8	6.4	63.7
October	1,120.2	1,304.2	92.9	1,397.0	6.6	73.1	564.4	1,015.9	69.3	1,085.2	6.4	54.7	1,684.6	2,320.1	162.2	2,482.2	6.5	63.8
November	1,124.3	1,306.3	93.0	1,399.2	6.6	73.1	563.6	1,016.8	70.6	1,087.4	6.5	54.8	1,687.9	2,323.0	163.6	2,486.6	6.6	63.8
December	1,127.2	1,308.4	91.8	1,400.1	6.6	73.1	561.4	1,018.7	70.9	1,089.6	6.5	54.8	1,688.6	2,327.1	162.7	2,489.7	6.5	63.8
2002 —																		
January	1,128.8	1,310.4	89.9	1,400.3	6.4	73.0	558.6	1,021.8	69.9	1,091.7	6.4	54.9	1,687.3	2,332.3	159.8	2,492.0	6.4	63.8
February	1,129.4	1,312.2	87.7	1,399.8	6.3	72.9	556.0	1,025.4	67.7	1,093.1	6.2	54.9	1,685.3	2,337.5	155.4	2,492.9	6.2	63.7
March	1,129.3	1,313.6	85.6	1,399.2	6.1	72.7	554.5	1,028.8	65.0	1,093.9	5.9	54.9	1,683.7	2,342.4	150.7	2,493.1	6.0	63.6
April r	1,128.9	1,314.7	84.0	1,398.8	6.0	72.6	554.6	1,031.8	62.9	1,094.7	5.7	54.8	1,683.5	2,346.5	146.9	2,493.4	5.9	63.6
May r	1,128.0	1,315.1	83.1	1,398.2	5.9	72.5	556.7	1,034.7	61.9	1,096.5	5.6	54.9	1,684.6	2,349.8	144.9	2,494.7	5.8	63.5
June r	1,126.1	1,314.5	82.7	1,397.2	5.9	72.3	560.6	1,038.0	61.7	1,099.6	5.6	54.9	1,686.7	2,352.5	144.3	2,496.8	5.8	63.5
July r	1,123.0	1,312.7	83.1	1,395.8	6.0	72.2	565.8	1,042.1	61.7	1,103.8	5.6	55.1	1,688.8	2,354.8	144.8	2,499.6	5.8	63.5
August r	1,118.9	1,309.9	83.6	1,393.6	6.0	71.9	571.4	1,047.0	61.7	1,108.7	5.6	55.3	1,690.3	2,357.0	145.3	2,502.3	5.8	63.4
September r	1,114.4	1,306.6	84.2	1,390.8	6.1	71.7	576.8	1,052.0	61.5	1,113.6	5.5	55.4	1,691.2	2,358.6	145.8	2,504.4	5.8	63.4
October	1,110.6	1,303.7	84.7	1,388.5	6.1	71.5	581.5	1,056.6	61.4	1,118.0	5.5	55.6	1,692.1	2,360.3	146.1	2,506.4	5.8	63.4

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

			Male	es					Fema	les					Perso	ons		
	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic-	Emplo	yed			Unemp-	Parti
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipatio
Month	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total		force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	ra
			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							QU	JEENSL	AND									
2001 —																		
August	807.1	946.5	87.6	1,034.1	8.5	73.0	410.7	762.3	65.7	828.0	7.9	57.2	1,217.8	1,708.8	153.3	1,862.1	8.2	65.0
September	809.6	949.5	86.5	1,036.0	8.3	73.0	411.2	762.0	65.0	826.9	7.9	57.1	1,220.8	1,711.5	151.4	1,862.9	8.1	65.0
October	812.5	952.5	86.3	1,038.8	8.3	73.1	412.2	762.3	64.4	826.8	7.8	56.9	1,224.8	1,714.8	150.8	1,865.5	8.1	64.9
November	815.1	955.3	86.8	1,042.1	8.3	73.2	414.0	763.7	64.0	827.6	7.7	56.9	1,229.1	1,718.9	150.8	1,869.7	8.1	65.0
December	817.4	958.1	87.3	1,045.4	8.3	73.4	416.4	765.8	63.3	829.1	7.6	56.9	1,233.8	1,723.9	150.6	1,874.4	8.0	65.
2002 —																		
January	819.6	961.2	87.0	1,048.3	8.3	73.5	419.0	768.2	62.7	830.8	7.5	57.0	1,238.6	1,729.4	149.7	1,879.1	8.0	65.
February	822.1	964.9	85.7	1,050.6	8.2	73.5	421.2	769.7	62.4	832.2	7.5	57.0	1,243.3	1,734.7	148.1	1,882.8	7.9	65.
March	824.5	968.9	83.1	1,052.0	7.9	73.5	422.6	769.9	62.9	832.8	7.6	56.9	1,247.1	1,738.8	146.0	1,884.8	7.7	65.
April r	826.5	972.8	79.5	1,052.3	7.6	73.4	422.7	769.1	64.0	833.1	7.7	56.8	1,249.2	1,741.8	143.6	1,885.4	7.6	65.0
May r	827.6	976.0	75.8	1,051.9	7.2	73.3	421.9	768.7	65.3	834.0	7.8	56.8	1,249.6	1,744.7	141.2	1,885.9	7.5	64.9
June r	828.2	978.4	72.7	1,051.2	6.9	73.1	421.2	769.9	66.4	836.3	7.9	56.8	1,249.4	1,748.3	139.1	1,887.4	7.4	64.3
July r	828.5	980.1	70.5	1,050.6	6.7	72.9	421.3	772.8	67.0	839.8	8.0	56.9	1,249.8	1,753.0	137.5	1,890.4	7.3	64.3
August r	828.9	981.3	69.0	1,050.2	6.6	72.7	422.3	777.0	67.0	844.0	7.9	57.1	1,251.2	1,758.3	136.0	1,894.3	7.2	64.3
September r	829.3	982.0	68.0	1,049.9	6.5	72.6	423.7	781.5	66.7	848.2	7.9	57.3	1,253.0	1,763.4	134.7	1,898.1	7.1	64.
October	829.6	982.2	67.5	1,049.7	6.4	72.5	425.7	786.4	66.1	852.4	7.8	57.5	1,255.2	1,768.5	133.6	1,902.1	7.0	64.9
							SOUT	TH AUS	TRALIA									
2001 —																		
August	316.6	373.1	33.3	406.5	8.2	68.4	155.3	303.2	20.6	323.8	6.4	52.3	471.9	676.4	53.9	730.3	7.4	60.2
September	317.2	374.0	32.8	406.9	8.1	68.5	155.5	303.4	20.3	323.8	6.3	52.3	472.7	677.5	53.2	730.6	7.3	60.2
October	317.8	375.1	32.4	407.5	8.0	68.5	155.6	303.8	20.1	323.9	6.2	52.3	473.4	678.9	52.5	731.4	7.2	60.2
November	318.5	376.6	32.0	408.7	7.8	68.7	155.1	304.2	20.1	324.3	6.2	52.3	473.7	680.8	52.1	732.9	7.1	60.
December	319.2	378.4	31.6	410.0	7.7	68.9	154.2	304.7	20.1	324.8	6.2	52.4	473.4	683.0	51.7	734.8	7.0	60.:
2002 —																		
January	319.8	380.1	31.3	411.4	7.6	69.1	152.9	305.5	20.1	325.6		52.5	472.7	685.6	51.4	737.0	7.0	60.0
February	320.3	381.6	31.0	412.6	7.5	69.3	151.6	306.7	20.0	326.7	6.1	52.6	471.9	688.3	51.0	739.3	6.9	60.3
March	320.8	382.4	30.8	413.2	7.4	69.3	150.7	308.1	19.8	327.9	6.0	52.8	471.5	690.5	50.5	741.0	6.8	60.9
April r	321.4	382.6	30.6	413.1	7.4	69.2	150.2	309.4	19.5	328.9	5.9	52.9	471.6	692.0	50.1	742.0	6.7	60.9
May r	322.1	382.4	30.3	412.7	7.3	69.1	150.4	310.3	19.4	329.7	5.9	53.0	472.4	692.7	49.7	742.4	6.7	60.9
June r	322.8	382.3	29.9	412.2	7.3	69.0	150.8	310.5	19.5	330.1	5.9	53.0	473.6	692.9	49.4	742.3	6.7	60.3
July r	323.5	382.7	29.3	412.0	7.1	68.9	151.3	310.2	19.9	330.1	6.0	53.0	474.8	692.9	49.2	742.1	6.6	60.
August r	324.1	383.4	28.5	412.0	6.9	68.8	151.9	309.8	20.2	330.1	6.1	52.9	476.0	693.3	48.8	742.1	6.6	60.
September r	324.5	384.3	27.8	412.1	6.7	68.8	152.5	309.6	20.6	330.1	6.2	52.9	477.1	693.9	48.4	742.3	6.5	60.
October	324.9	385.3	26.9	412.2	6.5	68.8	153.1	309.1	20.9	330.0	6.3	52.9	478.0	694.5	47.8	742.3	6.4	60.

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

			Male	es					Fema	les					Perso	ons		
	Employ	red			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	red			Unemp-	Partic-	Employe	rd			Unemp-	Parti
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipatio
Mondo	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rat
Month			- '000 -	Ü	- per	cent -			- '000 -	Ü	- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							WEST	ERN AU	STRALIA								•	
2001 —																		
August	453.6	528.4	42.6	571.0	7.5	75.5	209.2	410.6	29.2	439.8	6.6	58.1	662.9	939.0	71.8	1,010.8	7.1	66.8
September	455.1	529.6	41.7	571.2	7.3	75.4	208.5	410.7	28.3	439.0	6.4	57.9	663.6	940.3	69.9	1,010.2	6.9	66.0
October	456.6	530.9	40.6	571.5	7.1	75.3	207.5	410.8	27.6	438.4	6.3	57.7	664.1	941.8	68.2	1,009.9	6.8	66.5
November	458.2	532.5		571.9	6.9	75.3	206.2	411.2	27.3	438.5	6.2	57.7	664.3	943.7	66.7	1,010.3	6.6	66.:
December	459.2	533.7	38.7	572.3	6.8	75.2	205.3	411.9	27.0	438.8	6.2	57.6	664.5	945.5	65.6	1,011.2	6.5	66.4
2002 —																		
January	459.9	534.8	38.4	573.2	6.7	75.2	205.4	412.8	26.4	439.2	6.0	57.6	665.3	947.6	64.8	1,012.4	6.4	66.4
February	460.1	535.8	38.5	574.2	6.7	75.3	206.5	414.1	25.3	439.4	5.8	57.6	666.7	949.9	63.8	1,013.7	6.3	66.4
March	459.8	536.8		575.4	6.7	75.3	208.1	415.2	24.2	439.4	5.5	57.5	667.9	952.0	62.8	1,014.8	6.2	66.4
April r	458.7	537.9	38.9	576.8	6.7	75.4	209.7	416.0	23.2	439.3	5.3	57.4	668.4	953.9	62.2	1,016.1	6.1	66.4
May r	457.4	539.0		578.2	6.8	75.5	210.7	416.7	22.7	439.4	5.2	57.3	668.1	955.6	62.0	1,017.6	6.1	66.4
June r	456.0	539.8	39.6	579.3	6.8	75.5	211.3	417.4	22.7	440.1	5.2	57.3	667.3	957.2	62.2	1,019.4	6.1	66.4
July r	454.7	540.3	39.7	579.9	6.8	75.5	211.4	418.4	23.1	441.5	5.2	57.4	666.2	958.6	62.8	1,021.4	6.1	66.4
August r	453.9	540.6	39.6	580.2	6.8	75.4	211.5	419.8	23.6	443.4	5.3	57.5	665.4	960.4	63.2	1,023.6	6.2	66.5
September r	453.7	541.0	39.4	580.3	6.8	75.3	211.5	421.1	24.2	445.3	5.4	57.7	665.2	962.1	63.5	1,025.6	6.2	66.5
October	453.6	541.2	38.7	579.9	6.7	75.2	211.1	422.5	24.6	447.1	5.5	57.9	664.7	963.6	63.3	1,027.0	6.2	66.5
							-	[ASMA]	NIA									
2001 —																		
August	93.8	109.0	12.7	121.7	10.4	67.2	44.2	89.3	7.3	96.6	7.6	50.4	138.0	198.3	20.0	218.3	9.1	58.6
September	93.7	109.2	12.7	121.9	10.4	67.3	44.8	89.5	7.3	96.8	7.5	50.5	138.5	198.7	20.0	218.7	9.1	58.7
October	93.8	109.6	12.6	122.2	10.3	67.5	45.2	89.6	7.2	96.8	7.5	50.5	138.9	199.2	19.8	219.0	9.0	58.7
November	93.9	110.1	12.2	122.3	10.0	67.5	45.2	89.4	7.2	96.6	7.5	50.4	139.1	199.5	19.5	219.0	8.9	58.7
December	93.9	110.3	11.8	122.1	9.7	67.4	44.9	89.0	7.2	96.3	7.5	50.2	138.7	199.3	19.0	218.4	8.7	58.5
2002 —																		
January	93.8	110.2		121.6	9.4	67.1	44.3	88.7	7.2	95.8	7.5	49.9	138.1	198.8	18.6	217.4	8.6	
February	93.5	109.6	11.2	120.9	9.3	66.7	43.6	88.5	7.1	95.6	7.4	49.8	137.1	198.2	18.3	216.5	8.5	58.0
March	93.1	108.9	11.2	120.2	9.3	66.3	43.0	88.8	6.9	95.7	7.2	49.8	136.0	197.7	18.1	215.8	8.4	
April r	92.7	108.3	11.3	119.7	9.5	66.0	42.4	89.2	6.8	96.0	7.1	50.0	135.1	197.6	18.1	215.7	8.4	
May r	92.6	108.1	11.4	119.5	9.5	65.8	42.0	89.6	6.9	96.5	7.2	50.2	134.6	197.7	18.3	216.0	8.5	57.8
June r	92.7	108.1	11.4	119.6	9.5	65.8	42.1	89.8	7.2	97.0	7.4	50.4	134.7	198.0	18.6	216.6	8.6	57.9
July r	92.9	108.5	11.3	119.8	9.4	65.9	42.4	89.7	7.5	97.3	7.7	50.5	135.4	198.2	18.8	217.1	8.7	58.0
August r	93.3	108.9	11.1	120.1	9.3	66.1	43.0	89.6	7.8	97.3	8.0	50.5	136.3	198.5	18.9	217.4	8.7	58.
September r	93.5	109.3	11.0	120.3	9.1	66.2	43.7	89.3	7.9	97.3	8.1	50.5	137.2	198.7	18.9	217.5	8.7	58.1
October	93.8	109.7	10.8	120.5	9.0	66.3	44.4	89.1	7.9	97.1	8.2	50.3	138.2	198.8	18.8	217.6	8.6	58.1

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

			Male	es					Fema	les					Perso	ons		
	Employ	red			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	red			Unemp-	Partic-	Employ	ed			Unemp-	Partic
	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipation	Full-time		Unemp-	Labour	loyment	ipatio
Month	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate	workers	Total	loyed	force	rate	rate
<i></i>			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -			- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NORTH	ERN TE	ERRITOR	Y								
2001 —																		
August	44.8	54.6	4.4	59.0	7.5	79.8	28.8	42.9	3.6	46.5	7.7	68.0	73.7	97.4	8.0	105.5	7.6	74.1
September	44.6	54.5	4.5	59.0	7.6	79.8	28.4	42.6	3.8	46.4	8.1	67.8	73.0	97.1	8.3	105.4	7.8	74.0
October	44.3	54.4	4.6	59.0	7.7	79.6	28.1	42.5	3.8	46.4	8.3	67.7	72.4	96.9	8.4	105.3	8.0	73.9
November	44.0	54.2	4.6	58.9	7.9	79.4	28.0	42.8	3.8	46.6	8.1	68.0	72.1	97.0	8.4	105.4	8.0	73.9
December	43.8	54.2	4.7	58.9	8.0	79.5	28.1	43.3	3.6	46.9	7.7	68.4	71.9	97.5	8.3	105.8	7.8	74.1
2002 —																		
January	43.7	54.5	4.7	59.2	7.9	79.9	28.2	43.9	3.2	47.2	6.9	68.7	71.9	98.4	7.9	106.4	7.5	74.5
February	43.8	55.0	4.6	59.5	7.7	80.3	28.4	44.5	2.8	47.3	5.9	68.8	72.2	99.4	7.4	106.8	6.9	74.8
March	44.2	55.5	4.3	59.8	7.2	80.7	28.6	44.8	2.4	47.2	5.0	68.7	72.9	100.3	6.7	107.0	6.2	74.9
April r	44.8	56.0	3.9	59.9	6.5	80.9	28.9	44.9	2.0	47.0	4.3	68.4	73.7	101.0	5.9	106.9	5.5	74.9
May r	45.3	56.3	3.5	59.7	5.8	80.7	29.1	44.8	1.9	46.7	4.0	68.0	74.5	101.1	5.3	106.4	5.0	74.0
June r	45.5	56.2	3.1	59.3	5.2	80.2	29.4	44.5	1.9	46.4	4.0	67.6	74.9	100.7	5.0	105.7	4.7	74.
July r	45.4	55.8	2.9	58.7	4.9	79.4	29.6	44.2	1.9	46.1	4.2	67.2	75.0	100.0	4.8	104.8	4.6	73.5
August (a) r	45.0	55.2	2.9	58.1	5.0	78.6	29.7	43.9	2.0	45.9	4.3	66.9	74.7	99.1	4.9	103.9	4.7	72.9
September (a) r	44.5	54.5	3.0	57.5	5.2	77.8	29.7	43.6	2.0	45.6	4.4	66.5	74.3	98.1	5.0	103.1	4.9	72.4
October (a)	44.0	53.8	3.3	57.1	5.7	77.2	29.7	43.3	2.1	45.4	4.6	66.3	73.7	97.1	5.3	102.5	5.2	
						Al	JSTRALIAN	N CAPIT	AL TERI	RITORY								
2001 —																		
August	72.8	87.2	5.8	93.0	6.2	77.7	49.9	79.2	3.3	82.5	4.0	65.9	122.6	166.4	9.0	175.5	5.1	71.7
September	72.8	87.5	5.4	92.9	5.8	77.5	50.4	79.2	3.1	82.3	3.8	65.7	123.2	166.7	8.4	175.2	4.8	71.5
October	72.9	87.8	5.0	92.8	5.4	77.4	50.9	79.4	2.9	82.3	3.6	65.6	123.9	167.2	7.9	175.1	4.5	71.4
November	73.1	88.0	4.8	92.8	5.1	77.3	51.1	79.5	2.8	82.3	3.4	65.6	124.2	167.5	7.6	175.1	4.3	71
December	73.2	88.0	4.7	92.7	5.1	77.1	51.1	79.7	2.8	82.5	3.4	65.6	124.3	167.7	7.5	175.2	4.3	71
2002 —																		
January	73.4	87.8	4.7	92.6	5.1	76.9	50.8	80.0	2.8	82.8	3.4	65.9	124.3	167.8	7.5	175.4	4.3	71.
February	73.8	87.7	4.8	92.4	5.1	76.7	50.5	80.4	2.9	83.3	3.5	66.2	124.3	168.0	7.7	175.7	4.4	71
March	74.2	87.6	4.7	92.4	5.1	76.5	50.4	80.9	3.1	83.9	3.6	66.6	124.6	168.5	7.8	176.3	4.4	71.
April r	74.8	87.9	4.6	92.5	5.0	76.6	50.5	81.4	3.2	84.6	3.8	67.1	125.3	169.2	7.9	177.1	4.4	71.
May r	75.4	88.4	4.5	92.9	4.9	76.9	50.9	81.9	3.4	85.3	4.0	67.5	126.3	170.3	7.9	178.2	4.4	72.
June r	76.0	89.1	4.4	93.6	4.8	77.3	51.4	82.3	3.5	85.8	4.0	67.9	127.4	171.4	7.9	179.3	4.4	72.:
July r	76.5	89.8	4.4	94.3	4.7	77.8	52.0	82.7	3.5	86.1	4.0	68.1	128.5	172.5	7.9	180.4	4.4	72.
August (a) r	77.0	90.3	4.5	94.8	4.7	78.3	52.5	83.0	3.4	86.4	3.9	68.2	129.6	173.3	7.9	181.2	4.4	73.
September (a) r	77.5	90.7	4.6	95.3	4.8	78.6	53.1	83.2	3.3	86.5	3.8	68.2	130.6	174.0	7.9	181.8	4.3	73.
October (a)	77.8	91.0	4.7	95.6	4.9	78.8	53.6	83.4	3.2	86.6	3.7	68.2	131.3	174.0	7.9	182.2	4.3	73
	77.0	71.0	7./	75.0	7.7	70.0	33.0	05.4	3.2	00.0	3.1	00.2	1,11,3	1/7.4	1.9	102.2	7.5	

⁽a) These estimates may be subject to significant revisions as data for later months become available.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, OCTOBER 2002

		Nu	mber ('000)				Participa	ation rate (per o	cent)	
	_		Females			_		Females		
A a a aroun			Not					Not		
Age group	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons
15-64	5,441.2	2,618.8	1,751.5	4,370.3	9,811.5	81.7	65.6	67.4	66.3	74.1
15-19	405.3	16.9	384.6	401.5	806.7	58.0	69.0	59.6	60.0	59.0
20-24	594.6	149.2	377.8	527.0	1,121.6	83.2	69.0	79.3	76.1	79.7
25-34	1,322.6	642.1	385.1	1,027.2	2,349.9	90.6	68.0	74.9	70.4	80.5
35-44	1,331.5	787.4	268.9	1,056.2	2,387.7	90.8	71.3	71.6	71.4	81.1
45-54	1,180.5	755.5	227.4	982.9	2,163.4	88.2	74.4	71.0	73.6	80.9
55-59	408.9	193.7	77.6	271.3	680.2	73.4	49.7	51.7	50.2	62.0
60-64	197.8	74.0	30.2	104.2	302.0	47.0	24.8	25.9	25.1	36.1
65 and over	105.6	25.7	17.6	43.3	149.0	9.7	4.5	2.2	3.2	6.1
Total	5,546.9	2,644.5	1,769.2	4,413.6	9,960.5	71.6	57.9	52.1	55.5	63.4

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19; ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, OCTOBER 2002

				Y EDUCATIO Unemployed				Civilian popula-		
	Employe Full-time workers	ed Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15-19	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici pation rate
				- '000 -					- per	
A	TTENDING NEIT	THER SCH	IOOL NOR A	A TERTIARY	EDUCATIO	NAL INSTIT	UTION FUI	LL TIME (a)		
Males	127.6	163.5	28.5	* 2.3	30.8	194.4	22.8	217.1	15.9	89.5
Females Persons	67.5 195.1	120.2 283.7	20.7 49.2	* 3.5 5.8	24.2 55.0	144.3 338.7	29.7 52.5	174.0 391.2	16.7 16.2	82.9 86.6
rersons	193.1	203.7	49.2	5.0	33.0	330./	32.3	391.2	10.2	00.0
Left school — Before 1999	6.8	10.8	* 3.6	* 0.6	* 4.2	15.0	6.3	21.3	* 27.8	70.5
1999	28.8	35.5	6.2	* 0.8	7.0	42.5	6.1	48.6	16.5	87.5
2000 to survey date	159.5	237.3	39.4	4.5	43.8	281.2	36.7	317.8	15.6	88.5
Age —										
15	* 0.9	* 1.3	* 2.8	* 0.6 * 1.3	* 3.3 8.4	4.6	4.6	9.2 33.2	* 71.5	50.3
16 17	11.0 29.4	19.8 40.1	7.2 9.3	* 0.3	8.4 9.6	28.2 49.7	5.0 8.4	58.1	29.9 19.2	85.0 85.5
18	63.0	96.1	15.9	* 1.7	17.5	113.7	15.3	129.0	15.4	88.1
19	90.8	126.3	14.1	* 2.1	16.1	142.5	19.2	161.7	11.3	88.1
	ATT	ENDING	A TERTIAR	Y EDUCATIO	NAL INSTI	TUTION FU	LL TIME			
Males	* 2.4	44.2	* 2.0	5.7	7.7	52.0	40.1	92.1	14.9	56.4
Females	* 3.9	64.2	* 1.5	8.4	9.9	74.1	34.4	108.5	13.3	68.3
Persons	6.4	108.4	* 3.5	14.1	17.6	126.0	74.5	200.6	14.0	62.8
Left school —	* 0 0	* 0 0	* 0.2	* 0.4	* 0 6		* 17	* 2.1	* 41.0	* 440
Before 1999 1999	* 0.0 * 0.2	* 0.8 * 3.9	* 0.2 * 0.3	* 0.4 * 1.8	* 0.6 * 2.2	* 1.4 6.1	* 1.7 * 2.5	* 3.1 8.6	* 41.8 * 35.4	* 44.3 70.5
2000 to survey date	6.2	103.7	* 3.0	11.9	14.9	118.6	70.3	188.8	12.5	62.8
Age —										
15 and 16	* 0.0	* 1.7	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 0.9	* 2.6	* 3.6	6.1	* 34.5	* 41.7
17	* 0.3	4.4	* 0.8	* 1.3	* 2.1	6.5 44.7	4.4	11.0	* 32.0	59.5
18 19	* 2.5 * 3.6	37.9 64.4	* 1.2 * 1.2	5.5 6.7	6.7 7.9	72.3	27.0 39.5	71.7 111.8	15.0 11.0	62.3 64.7
	3.0	04.4		TTENDING S		12.3	37.3	111.0	11.0	04.7
Males Females	7.0 5.1	133.8 152.6	* 3.2 * 1.7	21.9 28.8	25.1 30.5	158.9 183.1	230.9 203.8	389.9 386.9	15.8 16.7	40.8 47.3
Persons	12.1	286.4	4.9	50.7	55.6	342.0	434.7	776.7	16.3	44.0
Age										
Age — 15	* 2.6	68.9	* 1.1	24.6	25.7	94.6	161.5	256.1	27.1	36.9
16	* 2.8	92.1	* 0.6	13.0	13.6	105.6	125.6	231.3	12.8	45.7
17 18 and 19	4.6 * 2.1	91.4 34.0	* 2.4 * 0.8	9.1 * 4.1	11.5 4.9	102.8 39.0	101.4 46.2	204.2 85.1	11.2 12.6	50.4 45.8
10 and 17	2.1	34.0	0.0	TOTAL		37.0	70.2	03.1	12.0	73.0
Males Females	137.1 76.5	341.6 336.9	33.7 23.9	30.0 40.6	63.7 64.5	405.3 401.5	293.8 267.9	699.1 669.4	15.7 16.1	58.0 60.0
Persons	213.6	678.5	57.6	70.6	128.2	806.7	561.7	1,368.4	15.1 15.9	59.0
Λαρ										
Age — 15	* 3.6	70.6	* 3.9	25.1	29.0	99.6	166.5	266.0	29.1	37.4
16	13.8	113.2	8.1	14.8	22.9	136.1	133.8	269.8	16.8	50.4
17 18	34.3 67.2	135.9 165.2	12.4 17.7	10.7 11.0	23.1 28.7	159.0 193.8	114.2 83.3	273.3 277.1	14.5 14.8	58.2 70.0
19	94.8	193.7	15.5	9.0	24.6	218.2	64.0	282.2	11.3	77.3

⁽a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the 'Not in labour force' and 'Civilian population aged 15-19' columns do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, OCTOBER 2002

		TENTE	IKI EDUCI	ATTONAL IN	<u> </u>	, october	. 2002	Civilian		
				Unemployed				popula-		
	Employ	ed	Looking	Looking			Not in	tion	Unemp-	Partici-
	Full-time		for full-	for part-		Labour	labour	aged	loyment	pation
	workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	20-24	rate	rate
				- '000 -					- per	cent -
	NOT A	TTENDIN	IG A TERTI	ARY EDUCAT	TIONAL INS	STITUTION I	FULL TIME			
Males	390.1	457.0	47.3	* 2.0	49.3	506.3	38.0	544.2	9.7	93.0
Females	286.8	391.8	25.5	5.3	30.8	422.6	99.4	521.9	7.3	81.0
Persons	676.9	848.8	72.8	7.3	80.0	928.8	137.3	1,066.2	8.6	87.1
Age —										
20	103.5	138.1	13.8	* 0.5	14.3	152.4	19.7	172.1	9.4	88.5
21	117.5	156.5	16.7	* 2.2	18.8	175.3	21.8	197.2	10.7	88.9
22	142.8	174.7	12.1	* 1.8	13.9	188.6	26.6	215.2	7.4	87.6
23	155.4	189.5	16.2	* 0.7	16.9	206.5	29.1	235.6	8.2	87.7
24	157.9	190.0	14.0	* 2.1	16.1	206.1	40.1	246.2	7.8	83.7
	AT	TENDING	A TERTIAR	Y EDUCATIO	NAL INSTI	TUTION FU	LL TIME			
Males	8.6	78.6	* 2.2	7.5	9.7	88.3	82.4	170.7	11.0	51.7
Females	7.7	98.9	* 2.1	* 3.4	5.5	104.4	66.3	170.7	5.3	61.2
Persons	16.4	177.5	4.4	10.9	15.2	192.7	148.7	341.4	7.9	56.5
Age —	10.7	177.5	,.,	10.7	13.2	1,2.,	170.7	571.7	7.5	50.5
20	5.3	58.2	* 1.0	5.2	6.2	64.3	47.9	112.3	9.6	57.3
21	* 2.6	53.0	* 1.3	* 2.0	* 3.3	56.3	30.6	86.9	* 5.9	64.8
22	* 3.4	31.8	* 0.5	* 2.2	* 2.7	34.5	31.4	65.9	* 7.8	52.4
23	* 3.1	19.1	* 1.0	* 0.5	* 1.5	20.6	23.3	44.0	* 7.3	47.0
24	* 2.0	15.4	* 0.5	* 1.1	* 1.5	17.0	15.4	32.4	* 9.0	52.4
				TOTAL	,					
Males	398.8	535.6	49.5	9.5	59.0	594.6	120.3	714.9	9.9	83.2
Females	294.5	490.7	27.7	8.6	36.3	527.0	165.7	692.6	6.9	76.1
Persons	693.3	1,026.3	77.2	18.1	95.3	1,121.6	286.0	1,407.6	8.5	79.7
Age —		,				,		,		
20	108.8	196.2	14.8	5.6	20.4	216.7	67.6	284.3	9.4	76.2
21	120.0	209.5	18.0	* 4.2	22.2	231.6	52.4	284.1	9.6	81.5
22	146.1	206.5	12.6	* 4.0	16.6	223.1	58.0	281.1	7.4	79.4
23	158.4	208.7	17.3	* 1.2	18.5	227.1	52.4	279.5	8.1	81.3
24	159.9	205.5	14.5	* 3.1	17.6	223.1	55.5	278.6	7.9	80.1

TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 2002 (ner cent)

		(r	er cent)			
Agagraun	Box	n in Australia		Born e	outside Australia	
Age group	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
15-64	83.3	69.1	76.2	79.4	59.1	69.3
15-19	60.1	63.0	61.5	44.1	43.8	44.0
20-24	87.7	80.3	84.1	67.4	57.7	62.7
25-34	92.3	72.2	82.3	87.9	64.6	76.0
35-44	91.2	73.0	82.1	91.2	68.0	79.6
45-54	89.2	76.5	82.9	87.2	67.9	77.5
55-59	74.3	52.2	63.1	73.5	47.0	61.0
60-64	48.2	28.1	38.0	45.7	20.2	33.6
65 and over	11.8	4.0	7.4	7.4	2.6	5.0
Total	74.8	59.5	67.1	66.5	48.8	57.7

⁽a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE(a), OCTOBER 2002

	Employe	ed	<u>Unemploy</u> Looking	<u></u>		Unemp-	Partici
	Full-time workers	Total	for full- time work - '000 -	Total	Labour force	loyment rate - per cen	pation rate(b)
		MALES					
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	3,269.6 1,161.3	3,872.7 1,352.7	195.1 70.1	237.6 83.8	4,110.4 1,436.5	5.8 5.8	74.8 66.5
Main English Speaking Countries Other Countries	497.5 663.8	565.1 787.6	21.9 48.2	25.6 58.2	590.7 845.8	4.3 6.9	71.5 63.4
Oceania	157.7	172.7	5.5	7.1	179.8	3.9	82.3
New Zealand Europe and the Former USSR	125.9 572.6	137.9 663.7	4.4 30.6	5.7 32.1	143.6 695.8	4.0 4.6	83.8 59.6
Germany	31.6	36.0	* 1.5	* 1.7	37.7	* 4.5	64.7
Greece	20.4	25.7	* 0.4	* 0.4	26.2	* 1.6	42.5
Italy Netherlands	47.2 22.9	52.7 26.0	* 2.7 * 1.2	* 2.7 * 1.2	55.3 27.3	* 4.9 * 4.6	46.1 57.3
UK and Ireland	319.9	367.2	15.7	16.6	383.8	4.3	66.3
Former Yugoslav Republics The Middle East and North Africa	42.0 59.6	49.0 70.1	4.8 7.4	4.8 9.6	53.8 79.6	8.9 12.0	53.1 65.8
Lebanon	20.8	23.2	* 2.8	* 3.9	27.1	* 14.5	61.9
Southeast Asia Malaysia	135.1 25.4	160.3 28.8	9.7 * 1.8	13.4 * 2.4	173.7 31.2	7.7 * 7.8	73.5
Philippines	25.4 25.6	28.8	* 0.5	* 0.9	29.7	* 2.9	75.7 83.2
Viet Nam	49.4	58.8	5.7	6.8	65.6	10.4	75.8
Northeast Asia China	64.4 37.4	81.5 47.1	6.6 * 3.3	8.5 4.6	89.9 51.6	9.4 8.9	60.2 65.2
The Americas	53.0	66.0	* 3.7	5.4	71.4	7.5	80.6
Other India	118.9 37.1	138.5 43.1	6.6 * 2.7	7.8 * 3.1	146.3 46.1	5.3 * 6.6	81.4 85.4
Iliula	37.1	FEMALES		. 3.1	40.1	. 0.0	03.4
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	1,686.0 574.9	3,189.6 975.6	108.0 42.9	180.6 67.8	3,370.2 1,043.4	5.4 6.5	59.5 48.8
Main English Speaking Countries Other Countries	220.6 354.3	398.5 577.1	12.9 30.1	20.5 47.3	419.0 624.4	4.9 7.6	54.6 45.5
Oceania	78.5	131.0	6.5	9.3	140.3	6.6	65.9
New Zealand	59.5	98.7	* 3.4	5.5	104.2	5.3	68.0
Europe and the Former USSR Germany	247.0 12.6	453.8 24.3	15.2 * 0.5	21.7 * 0.8	475.4 25.1	4.6 * 3.1	43.3 44.0
Greece	8.6	15.2	* 0.0	* 0.0	15.2	* 0.0	24.6
Italy Netherlands	14.4 8.0	25.7 16.7	* 0.3 * 1.0	* 0.3 * 1.0	26.0 17.7	* 1.2 * 5.8	24.4 44.0
UK and Ireland	137.0	258.0	7.5	11.0	269.0	4.1	49.7
Former Yugoslav Republics	21.6	34.9	* 2.4	* 4.0	38.9	* 10.3	41.4
The Middle East and North Africa Lebanon	14.6 * 2.9	27.7 5.9	* 2.6 * 0.8	* 4.2 * 1.8	31.9 7.7	* 13.3 * 23.3	30.4 20.3
Southeast Asia	108.6	160.9	6.9	12.4	173.4	7.2	56.5
Malaysia Philippines	15.8 34.1	28.6 47.3	* 0.0 * 2.0	* 1.4 * 2.3	30.1 49.6	* 4.8 * 4.7	66.0 65.9
Viet Nam	29.3	40.2	* 2.0	4.5	44.7	10.0	50.1
Northeast Asia	42.6	66.2	* 4.1	5.2	71.5	7.3	44.1
China The Americas	20.8 29.9	32.9 47.1	* 2.6 * 4.1	* 3.5 6.7	36.3 53.8	* 9.5 12.4	42.4 60.5
Other	53.7	88.9	* 3.6	8.2	97.1	8.5	59.2
India	19.3	28.1	* 1.0	* 2.1	30.2	* 6.8	58.9
Born in Australia	4,955.6	PERSONS 7,062.3	303.1	418.3	7.480.6	5.6	67.1
Born outside Australia	1,736.2	2,328.3	113.0	151.6	2,479.9	6.1	57.7
Main English Speaking Countries Other Countries	718.1 1,018.1	963.5 1,364.8	34.8 78.3	46.1 105.5	1,009.6 1,470.2	4.6 7.2	63.4 54.3
Oceania	236.2	303.7	12.0	16.4	320.1	5.1	74.2
New Zealand Europe and the Former USSR	185.4 819.6	236.6 1,117.4	7.8 45.8	11.2 53.8	247.8 1,171.2	4.5 4.6	76.3 51.7
Germany	44.2	60.3	* 2.0	* 2.5	62.8	* 4.0	54.5
Greece Italy	29.0 61.6	41.0 78.3	* 0.4 * 3.0	* 0.4 * 3.0	41.4 81.3	* 1.0 * 3.7	33.5 35.9
Netherlands	30.9	42.7	* 2.3	* 2.3	45.0	* 5.1	51.2
UK and Ireland	456.9	625.2	23.2	27.6	652.8	4.2	58.3
Former Yugoslav Republics The Middle East and North Africa	63.7 74.2	83.9 97.7	7.2 10.0	8.8 13.8	92.7 111.5	9.5 12.4	47.5 49.3
Lebanon	23.7	29.1	* 3.7	5.7	34.8	16.4	42.5
Southeast Asia Malaysia	243.7 41.2	321.2 57.4	16.6 * 1.8	25.8 * 3.9	347.1 61.3	7.4 * 6.3	63.9 70.6
Philippines	59.7	76.1	* 2.5	* 3.9	79.3	* 4.0	70.0
Viet Nam	78.6	99.0	7.7	11.3	110.3	10.2	62.8
Northeast Asia China	107.0 58.2	147.7 79.9	10.7 5.9	13.7 8.0	161.4 88.0	8.5 9.1	51.8 53.4
The Americas	82.9	113.1	7.8	12.0	125.2	9.6	70.6
Other	172.5	227.4	10.2	16.0	243.4	6.6	70.8

⁽a) See paragraph 53 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 2002

		TENT	OD OF A	KKIVAI	IIIAUS		utside Au:		'				
			Europe		The	201110		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
	Ocea			USSR	Middle	G .1	N7 .1	Tr!			TT .	,	
	λ 7	Other	U.K.		East and	South-	North-	The			Tota		
Period of arrival	New	count-	and	count-	North	east	east	Amer-	0.1	3.6.1	Fema		D
	Zealand	ries	Ireland	<i>ries</i> EMI	<i>Africa</i> PLOYED	('000)	Asia	icas	Other	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Before 1976	37.3 35.7	14.1	347.2	306.2	31.5	29.7 53.4	11.8	28.3 13.7	41.1	512.6	245.9	334.5	847.1 231.8
1976 — 1980	35.7	8.2	51.9	34.1	9.9	53.4	9.1	13.7	15.8	127.5	72.8	104.3	231.8
1981 — 1985 1986 — 1990	28.1 44.3	7.4 13.6	58.6 65.8	40.1 35.5	12.5 16.2	70.9 80.8	10.9 45.1	15.3 22.6	23.6 49.7	148.5 212.8	78.7 102.4	118.9 160.8	267.4 373.6
1991 — 1995	44.3 27.5	9.0	34.5 67.1	36.9	15.0	39.8	29.3 41.5	12.9	34.5 65.9	136.7	69.5	102.8	239.5
1996 to survey date	63.8	14.8	67.1	36.2	12.7	46.6	41.5	20.3	65.9	214.6	102.0	154.3	368.9
				UNE	MPLOYE!	D ('000)							
Before 1976	* 2.1 * 1.3	* 0.9 * 0.5	15.2 * 1.4	12.1 * 1.3	* 3.9 * 0.9	* 0.8 * 2.3	* 0.4 * 0.3	* 1.4 * 1.6	* 1.2 * 0.7	23.7 5.0	* 7.2 * 2.8	14.5	38.2 10.4
1976 — 1980 1981 — 1985	* 2.0	* 0.3	* 3.2	* 3.0	* 1.2	6.9	* 0.3	* 1.0	* 1.4	10.5	* 3.9	5.4 9.2	19.4
1986 - 1990	* 1.7	* 0.0	* 1.6	* 1.6	* 2.7	5.9	* 3.8	* 2.6	* 3.8	14.4	* 3.9	9.4	23.8
1991 — 1995 1996 to survey date	* 0.7 * 3.4	* 0.6 * 3.0	* 2.8 * 3.4	* 2.3 5.6	* 0.6 4.5	* 2.8 7.1	* 2.9 5.3	* 1.7 * 3.8	4.8 4.4	$\frac{10.1}{20.1}$	6.0 10.0	9.1 20.4	19.1 40.5
1990 to survey date	3.4	3.0	3.4		UR FORG			3.6	4.4	20.1	10.0	20.4	40.5
D-f 1076	20.2	15 1	262.4					20.7	42.2	526.2	252.1	240.0	005.2
Before 1976 1976 — 1980	39.3 37.0	15.1 8.7	362.4 53.4	318.3 35.3	35.4 10.9	30.5 55.7	12.3 9.4	29.7 15.3	42.3 16.4	536.3 132.5	253.1 75.7	349.0 109.7	885.3 242.2
1981 — 1985	30.0	7.6	61.8	43.1	13.6	77.8	11.8	16.3	25.0	159.0	82.6	128.0	287.1
1986 — 1990 1991 — 1995	46.0	13.6 9.6	67.4 37.4	37.1 39.2	18.9 15.6	86.7 42.6	48.9 32.1	25.2 14.6	25.0 53.5 39.3	227.3 146.7	106.3 75.5	170.1 111.9	397.4 258.6
1991 — 1993 1996 to survey date	28.2 67.2	17.8	70.5	41.8	17.1	53.7	46.8	24.0	39.3 70.4	234.7	112.0	174.7	409.3
				EMPLOY	MENT R	ATE (pe	r cent)						
Before 1976	* 5.2 * 3.6	* 6.3	4.2	3.8	* 11.1	* 2.7	* 3.7	* 4.9	* 2.8	4.4	2.9 * 3.7	4.2 4.9	4.3
1976 - 1980	* 3.6	* 5.7	* 2.6	* 3.6	* 8.7	* 4.1	* 3.7	* 10.3	* 4.0	3.8	* 3.7	4.9	4.3 4.3
1981 — 1985 1986 — 1990	* 6.6 * 3.7	* 3.1 * 0.0	* 5.1 * 2.4	* 6.9 * 4.3	* 8.6 * 14.3	8.8 6.8	* 7.5 * 7.9	* 6.0 * 10.4	* 5.7 * 7.1	6.6 6.4	* 4.7 * 3.7	7.1 5.5	6.9 6.0
1991 — 1995	* 2.6	* 5.8	* 7.6	* 5.8	* 3.6	* 6.6	* 8.9	* 11.4	12.2	6.9	7.9	8.1	7.4
1996 to survey date	* 5.0	* 16.7	* 4.9	13.3	26.1	13.2	11.4	* 15.6	6.3	8.6	8.9	11.7	9.9
			PAR	TICIPA	ΓΙΟΝ RA	ΓE(a) (pe	er cent)						
Before 1976	66.2 79.4	71.6	49.5 73.3	38.2	44.8 51.3	63.2	45.3 75.5	72.7	55.6	54.3 81.3	41.1	37.6	46.2 72.7
1976 — 1980 1981 — 1985	79.4 74.6	83.9 62.7	73.3 73.9	67.6 75.5	51.3 57.8	75.4 71.1	75.5 56.5	69.7 78.4	76.9 81.3	81.3 79.2	67.1 66.6	64.5 64.8	72.7 72.0
1986 — 1990	79.0	62.6	75.7 75.7	65.4	56.2	66.4	71.6	67.8	81.2	80.9	61.8	60.6	70.8
1991 — 1995	74.6	66.1	76.0	64.6	57.5	59.8	57.7	68.1	72.8	76.5	56.4	56.0	66.0
1996 to survey date	81.5	65.9	76.0	50.0	41.2	49.1	36.9	68.4	70.4	69.7	49.6	48.2	58.6

 $⁽a) \ Calculated \ using \ population \ estimates \ which \ exclude \ those \ in \ institutions.$

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 2002 ($^{\prime}0000$

				(1000)					
_				Age gro	ир				
					*			65 and	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers	137.1	398.8	1,135.8	1,173.2	1,042.6	332.6	148.9	61.9	4,430.8
Part-time workers	204.5	136.9	116.7	102.7	91.9	56.4	42.1	43.4	794.6
Total	341.6	535.6	1,252.5	1,275.9	1,134.5	389.0	191.1	105.3	5,225.4
			MAI	RRIED FEMAL	ES				
Full-time workers	7.4	95.4	379.8	358.0	405.0	87.0	27.2	7.9	1,367.7
Part-time workers	6.8	44.7	239.5	402.7	336.3	102.5	46.3	17.8	1,196.6
Total	14.2	140.2	619.2	760.7	741.3	189.5	73.5	25.7	2,564.3
			Α	ALL FEMALES					
Full-time workers	76.5	294.5	635.6	517.0	547.3	134.5	41.8	13.7	2,260.9
Part-time workers	260.4	196.2	333.4	490.1	405.4	128.1	61.1	29.6	1,904.2
Total	336.9	490.7	969.0	1,007.1	952.7	262.6	102.8	43.3	4,165.2
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers	213.6	693.3	1,771.4	1,690.2	1,589.9	467.2	190.7	75.6	6,691.7
Part-time workers	464.9	333.1	450.1	592.8	497.3	184.5	103.2	73.0	2,698.9
Total	678.5	1,026.3	2,221.5	2,282.9	2,087.2	651.7	293.9	148.6	9,390.6

TABLE 17. EMPLOYED PERSONS: HOURS WORKED, OCTOBER 2002

			Females		
			Not		
	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons
	NUMBER EMPLO	OYED ('000)			
Weekly Hours worked —					
0	441.6	401.9	170.5	572.4	1,014.1
1-15	379.3	418.8	332.1	750.9	1,130.2
16-29	461.5	522.9	278.0	801.0	1,262.5
30-34	535.0	286.8	181.3	468.2	1,003.2
35-39	690.1	323.1	243.2	566.3	1,256.4
40	811.6	249.5	170.3	419.8	1,231.4
41-44	263.1	65.1	52.5	117.5	380.6
45-48	452.8	96.8	63.3	160.2	613.0
49 and over	1,190.4	199.2	109.7	308.9	1,499.4
Total	5,225.4	2,564.3	1,600.9	4,165.2	9,390.6
	WEEKLY HOUR	RS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	192.1	65.1	42.0	107.1	299.2
By full-time workers	179.9	47.6	31.8	79.4	259.2
By part-time workers	12.2	17.5	10.3	27.8	40.0
Average weekly hours worked	36.8	25.4	26.2	25.7	31.9
By full-time workers	40.6	34.8	35.6	35.1	38.7
By part-time workers	15.4	14.6	14.5	14.6	14.8
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
reference week	40.2	30.1	29.4	29.8	35.7
By full-time workers	44.2	40.0	39.6	39.9	42.7
By part-time workers	17.2	18.0	16.3	17.3	17.3

$TABLE\ 18.\ EMPLOYED\ PERSONS:\ EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION\ RATIOS\ BY\ AGE\ AND\ MARITAL\ STATUS,\ OCTOBER\ 2002$

			(per cent)				
		Males			Females		
Aga group		Not					
Age group	Married	married	Total	Married	married	Total	Persons
15-19	59.9	48.7	48.9	58.1	50.0	50.3	49.6
20-24	84.4	72.9	74.9	64.8	73.6	70.8	72.9
25-34	92.0	77.8	85.8	65.6	68.0	66.4	76.1
35-44	91.3	74.3	87.0	68.9	65.7	68.1	77.5
45-54	89.0	68.6	84.7	73.0	66.0	71.4	78.1
55-59	74.1	53.4	69.8	48.6	48.7	48.6	59.4
60-64	48.4	33.2	45.4	24.6	25.2	24.8	35.2
65 and over	11.0	6.1	9.7	4.5	2.2	3.2	6.0
Total	72.4	59.9	67.4	56.2	47.2	52.3	59.8

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, OCTOBER 2002 ('000)

			Females		
Reason for working less than 35 hours			Not		
Reason for working less than 33 hours	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons
Leave, holiday or flextime/personal reasons	788.3	357.7	200.5	558.2	1,346.5
Own illness or injury	97.7	42.6	29.8	72.4	170.1
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	7.7	* 0.3	* 0.2	* 0.5	8.2
Began or left job in the reference week	5.7	* 0.9	4.6	5.5	11.2
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	42.9	6.8	6.1	12.8	55.7
Shift work, standard work arrangements	68.7	19.2	11.3	30.6	99.2
Other	11.8	6.4	* 1.8	8.2	20.0
Total	1,022.8	433.9	254.3	688.2	1,711.0

TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, OCTOBER 2002 ('000)

			(000)				
Agagraum	New South			South	Western		
Age group	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Australia
			MALES				
15-19	17.7	15.9	14.0	5.0	6.7	2.2	63.7
20-24	16.3	14.3	13.6	4.5	6.6	1.7	59.0
25-34	19.1	17.4	15.4	4.5	9.7	2.5	70.1
35-44	16.9	17.9	8.1	4.9	5.3	1.3	55.6
45 and over	24.4	17.0	13.9	7.2	6.4	2.6	73.0
Total	94.4	82.4	64.9	26.2	34.7	10.1	321.4
			FEMALES				
15-19	18.4	15.5	16.5	5.2	5.5	2.3	64.5
20-24	12.0	7.7	7.7	2.7	4.3	1.3	36.3
25-34	18.7	14.0	14.0	4.7	4.4	1.5	58.2
35-44	14.5	9.7	14.4	3.3	4.9	1.6	49.2
45 and over	13.0	9.3	9.9	3.0	3.4	* 0.8	49.2 40.2
Total	76.6	56.3	62.5	18.9	22.5	7.4	248.4
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time work —							
15-19	19.7	11.6	13.7	4.4	4.6	2.2 2.7	57.6
20-24	21.4	17.6	17.4	6.5	9.6	2.7	77.2
25-34	29.2	25.9	22.5	7.5	11.2	3.3	102.0
35-44	27.1	22.6	17.1	6.7	8.7	2.1	86.1
45-54	20.7	14.0	13.9	7.1	5.4	1.6	64.5
55 and over	8.8	7.2	6.4	* 1.9	* 2.5	1.5	28.7
Total looking for							
full-time work	126.8	98.9	90.9	34.1	42.0	13.4	416.1
Total —							
15-19	36.1	31.4	30.5	10.2	12.3	4.4	128.2
20-24	28.3	22.0	21.3	7.3	10.9	3.0	95.3
25-34	37.8	31.4	29.4	9.2	14.1	3.9	128.4
35-44	31.4	27.6	22.4	8.2	10.2	2.9	104.8
45-54	24.4	17.2	16.7	8.0	6.3	1.7	76.2
55 and over	12.9	9.1	7.1	* 2.2	3.4	1.6	37.0
Total	171.0	138.7	127.4	45.1	57.1	17.6	569.9
1 Utai	171.0	130.7	127.4	43.1	37.1	17.0	303

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, OCTOBER 2002

		Not attending	school	
	Attending	Left school	Left school 2000	
	school	before 2000	to survey date	Total
	NUMBER ('0			
Duration of unemployment (weeks) —				
Under 4	16.7	* 2.2	13.1	31.9
4 and under 13	21.2	* 3.6	17.1	41.9
13 and under 26	7.7	* 1.2	8.1	17.0
26 and over	10.0	6.9	20.4	37.3
Total	55.6	13.9	58.7	128.2
	DURATION OF UNEMPLO	YMENT (weeks)		
Average duration —				
Males	15.6	* 54.7	24.5	25.4
Females	12.6	* 50.7	22.1	19.6
Persons	14.0	53.3	23.3	22.5
Looking for full-time work	* 23.4	* 61.8	24.6	31.2
Looking for part-time work	13.0	* 29.0	19.8	15.4
Median duration —				
Males	8	* 35	17	11
Females	8	* 10	11	8
Persons	8	* 24	12	10
Looking for full-time work	* 22	* 36	13	17
Looking for part-time work	8	* 10	9	8

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, OCTOBER 2002

		Number	unemployed ('000)			Unemploy	ment rate (pe	er cent)	
	Male		Femal			Males		Femal		
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	<u>Total</u>	Married	Total	Persons
	титец		KING FOR F			Murrieu	10iui	Murrieu	101111	1 ersons
Total	98.2	265.2	53.6	150.9	416.1	3.1	5.6	3.8	6.3	5.9
Aged 15-19	* 1.3	33.7	* 1.8	23.9	57.6	* 35.2	19.7	* 19.5	23.8	21.2
Looking for first job	* 0.2	19.1	* 1.1	16.2	35.3					
Attending school	* 0.0	* 3.2	* 0.0	* 1.7	4.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.0	* 2.0	* 0.4	* 1.5	* 3.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	96.9	231.5	51.8	127.0	358.5	3.1	5.1	3.7	5.5	5.2
20-24	8.9	49.5	6.7	27.7	77.2	8.8	11.0	6.6	8.6	10.0
Looking for first job	* 2.2	11.7	* 1.7	9.8	21.4					
25-34	21.9	64.9	14.7	37.1	102.0	3.0	5.4	3.7	5.5	5.4
35-44	27.0	52.6	17.6	33.5	86.1	2.8	4.3	4.7	6.1	4.8
45-54	25.3	42.0	10.3	22.5	64.5	2.8	3.9	2.5	3.9	3.9
55 and over	13.8	22.5	* 2.4	6.2	28.7	2.9	4.0	* 2.0	3.2	3.8
Aged 15-64	97.8	264.8	53.6	150.9	415.8	3.1	5.7	3.8	6.3	5.9
Ageu 13-04	97.0					3.1	3.1	5.6	0.5	3.9
Total	8.0	56.3	KING FOR P 26.6	'AKT-TIMI	153.8	2.5	6.6	2.2	4.9	5.4
Total	* 0.0		20.0 * 0.9	97.5						
Aged 15-19	* 0.0 * 0.0	30.0	* 0.9	40.6	70.6	* 0.0	12.8	* 11.4	13.5	13.2
Attending school	* 0.0	21.9	* 0.0	28.8	50.7	* 0.0	14.8	* 0.0	16.3	15.6
Attending a tertiary educational	+ 0 0		4.00	0.4		4: 0.0		4: 0. 0		
institution full time	* 0.0	5.7	* 0.0	8.4	14.1	* 0.0	12.1	* 0.0	12.2	12.1
Aged 20 and over	8.0	26.3	25.7	56.9	83.2	2.5	4.3	2.1	3.3	3.6
20-24	* 0.2	9.5	* 2.3	8.6	18.1	* 1.3	6.5	* 4.9	4.2	5.2
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.0	7.5	* 0.3	* 3.4	10.9	* 0.0	9.6	* 3.5	* 3.6	6.3
25-34	* 1.3	5.3	8.2	21.1	26.4	* 2.5	4.3	3.3	6.0	5.5
35-44	* 1.9	* 3.0	9.1	15.7	18.7	* 2.9	* 2.9	2.2	3.1	3.1
45 and over	4.7	8.5	6.1	11.5	20.0	2.5	3.5	1.2	1.8	2.3
Aged 15-64	8.0	56.3	26.6	97.5	153.8	2.8	7.0	2.2	4.9	5.5
			TO	TAL						
Total	106.2	321.4	80.2	248.4	569.9	3.0	5.8	3.0	5.6	5.7
Aged 15-19	* 1.3	63.7	* 2.7	64.5	128.2	* 20.2	15.7	* 15.8	16.1	15.9
Attending school	* 0.0	25.1	* 0.0	30.5	55.6	* 0.0	15.8	* 0.0	16.7	16.3
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.0	7.7	* 0.4	9.9	17.6	* 0.0	14.9	* 22.6	13.3	14.0
Aged 20 and over(a)	104.9	257.7	77.5	183.9	441.6	3.0	5.0	3.0	4.6	4.8
20-24	9.1	59.0	9.0	36.3	95.3	8.0	9.9	6.1	6.9	8.5
Attending a tertiary educational										
institution full time	* 0.9	9.7	* 0.3	5.5	15.2	* 16.9	11.0	* 2.8	5.3	7.9
25-34	23.2	70.1	22.9	58.2	128.4	3.0	5.3	3.6	5.7	5.5
35-44	28.8	55.6	26.7	49.2	104.8	2.8	4.2	3.4	4.7	4.4
45-54	27.6	46.1	14.1	30.1	76.2	2.8	3.9	1.9	3.1	3.5
55-59	12.2	19.9	* 4.2	8.6	28.5	3.6	4.9	2.2	3.2	4.2
60-64	* 3.8	6.7	* 0.5	* 1.4	8.1	* 2.3	3.4	* 0.7	* 1.4	2.7
Aged 15-64	105.8	321.1	80.2	248.4	569.5	3.1	5.9	3.1	5.7	5.8
0							/			

 $⁽a) \ Includes \ unemployed \ persons \ aged \ 65 \ and \ over, \ details \ for \ whom \ are \ not \ shown \ separately.$

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, OCTOBER 2002

IAB	SLE 23. UNEMPLOYE	D PERSONS: BIRT	HPLACE BY AGE,	OCTOBER 2002		
	Number	unemployed ('000)		Unemploy	ment rate (per cent)	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
		BORN IN AUSTR	RALIA			
Total	237.6	180.6	418.3	5.8	5.4	5.6
Looking for full-time work	195.1	108.0	303.1	5.6	6.0	5.8
Looking for part-time work	42.6	72.7	115.2	6.6	4.6	5.2
Aged 15-19	57.6	55.4	113.0	15.6	15.2	15.4
Aged 20 and over	180.0	125.3	305.3	4.8	4.2	4.5
20-24	47.1	29.8	77.0	9.4	6.6	8.0
25-34	57.9	42.4	100.2	5.6	5.2	5.4
35-44	32.3	30.3	62.6	3.5	4.0	3.7
45-54	29.7	16.3	46.0	3.7	2.4	3.1
55 and over	13.0	6.4	19.5	2.9	2.2	2.6
Aged 15-64	237.3	180.6	417.9	5.9	5.4	5.7
	F	BORN OUTSIDE AU	STRALIA			
Total	83.8	67.8	151.6	5.8	6.5	6.1
Looking for full-time work	70.1	42.9	113.0	5.7	7.0	6.1
Looking for part-time work	13.7	24.9	38.6	6.7	5.8	6.1
Aged 15-19	6.1	9.1	15.3	16.5	25.2	20.8
Aged 20 and over	77.7	58.7	136.3	5.6	5.8	5.7
20-24	11.8	6.5	18.3	13.0	8.8	11.1
25-34	12.3	15.9	28.1	4.4	7.4	5.7
35-44	23.3	18.9	42.1	5.8	6.3	6.1
45-54	16.4	13.8	30.2	4.4	4.7	4.5
55 and over	13.9	* 3.6	17.6	5.4	* 2.8	4.5
Aged 15-64	83.8	67.8	151.6	6.0	6.6	6.2

TABLE 24. LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT

Month	Males	e <u>ks and unde</u> Females	, 10,		weeks and o	ver		Total		Long-term unemploymen as a proportion of total unemployment		
2001 —			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
					- '000- ORIGIN	AL					per cent	
August	28.0	17.8	45.8	61.8	30.9	92.7	89.8	48.6	138.5	24.1	18.0	21.5
September	33.3	23.1	56.4	67.3	28.9	96.2	100.6	52.0	152.6	25.4	18.8	22.7
October	33.6	24.0	57.6	57.6	30.9	88.4	91.2	54.9	146.1	23.9	19.7	22.1
November	33.1	22.7	55.9	55.5	27.7	83.2	88.7	50.4	139.1	23.9	19.5	22.1
December	32.4	25.0	57.4	54.3	32.7	87.0	86.7	57.7	144.4	23.0	20.3	21.8
2002 —												
January	33.5	24.3	57.9	60.1	31.8	91.9	93.6	56.2	149.8	22.1	18.4	20.6
February	45.7	24.1	69.8	61.6	32.1	93.7	107.3	56.2	163.5	25.7	18.2	22.5
March	46.3	23.7	70.0	62.2	31.5	93.7	108.5	55.1	163.7	28.4	19.7	24.7
April	43.4	21.4	64.8	55.6	29.0	84.6	99.0	50.4	149.4	26.7	19.4	23.7
May	37.2	22.3	59.5	57.1	26.7	83.7	94.2	49.0	143.2	25.9	18.7	22.9
June	36.1	22.2	58.3	57.1	22.2	79.2	93.1	44.4	137.5	26.4	16.3	22.0
July	33.5	25.1	58.6	54.3	22.9	77.3	87.8	48.0	135.8	27.4	20.3	24.3
August	34.3	20.6	55.0	54.0	22.9	76.9	88.3	43.5	131.9	25.9	17.1	22.1
September	37.4	21.5	58.9	52.2	29.0	81.2	89.5	50.6	140.1	25.2	18.5	22.3
October	35.1	14.1	49.2	48.9	26.7	75.6	84.0	40.8	124.8	26.1	16.4	21.9
				SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED						
2001 —												
August	28.5	17.4	45.9	63.0	31.3	94.3	91.5	48.7	140.2	23.7	17.1	20.9
September	32.6	22.0	54.6	61.5	26.5	88.0	94.1	48.5	142.6	24.2	17.7	21.5
October	32.6	25.2	57.8	57.4	30.6	88.0	90.0	55.8	145.8	22.4	19.1	21.0
November	32.9	23.1	56.0	55.9	30.0	85.9	88.8	53.1	141.9	23.0	18.7	21.2
December	32.8	25.1	57.9	54.5	33.3	87.8	87.3	58.4	145.7	23.2	20.2	21.9
2002 —												
January	32.9	24.3	57.1	60.1	33.9	94.0	93.0	58.2	151.2	23.7	19.4	21.8
February	45.1	20.8	65.9	56.5	29.3	85.8	101.5	50.1	151.7	26.5	18.6	23.2
March	47.0	22.8	69.7	62.6	29.5	92.2	109.6	52.3	161.9	29.7	20.6	26.0
April	44.3	21.9	66.3	57.5	28.7	86.2	101.8	50.6	152.5	27.4	20.2	24.5
May	36.0	21.3	57.3	57.8	28.3	86.0	93.8	49.6	143.4	25.6	19.3	23.0
June	37.2	25.9	63.1	59.2	22.5	81.7	96.4	48.4	144.9	26.5	17.3	22.5
July	34.5	27.5	62.1	58.4	23.7	82.1	92.9	51.2	144.1	27.0	19.3	23.7
August	35.0	20.1	55.1	55.0	23.2	78.2	90.0	43.3	133.3	25.4	16.1	21.4
September October	36.7 34.1	20.5 14.7	57.2 48.8	47.6 48.8	26.6 26.6	74.2 75.3	84.3 82.9	47.1 41.3	131.4	24.3 24.5	17.4 15.9	21.3 20.7
October	34.1	14.7	46.6		TREND SE		62.9	41.3	124.1	24.3	13.9	20.7
					I KEND SE	KIES						
2001 —	22.5	22.2			20.0	00.6		50 0		22.0	40.5	24.5
August	32.5	23.2	55.7	60.8	29.8	90.6	93.3	53.0	146.3	23.9	18.7	21.7
September	31.4	22.9	54.3	59.6	30.0	89.6	91.0	52.9	143.9	23.3	18.5	21.3
October	31.4	23.0	54.4	58.4	30.4	88.8	89.7	53.4	143.1	23.0	18.5	21.1
November December	32.7 35.2	23.3 23.5	56.1 58.8	57.6 57.3	30.9 31.5	88.5 88.8	90.3 92.5	54.3 55.0	144.6 147.6	23.2 24.0	18.8 19.2	21.3 22.0
	33.2	25.5	50.0	37.3	31.3	00.0	72.3	33.0	147.0	24.0	17.2	22.0
2002 —	20.2	22.2	61.5		21.7	00.2	05.7	55.0	150.7	25.0	10.6	22.0
January	38.2	23.3	61.5	57.5	31.7	89.2	95.7	55.0	150.7	25.0	19.6	22.8
February	40.7	22.8	63.5	58.2	31.1	89.3	98.9	54.0 52.4	152.9	26.1	19.8	23.5
March	41.9	22.6	64.6	59.0 50.5	29.8 28.0	88.9 87.5	101.0	52.4	153.4	27.0	19.8	24.0
April r	41.7	23.0 23.5	64.7 63.7	59.5		87.5 85.4	101.2 99.2	51.0	152.2 149.1	27.4 27.2	19.6	24.1
May r	40.2	23.5		59.1	26.3 25.2	85.4	99.2 95.7	49.9 48.0			19.1	23.8
June r	38.0 36.2	23.0	61.6 59.2	57.8 55.9	25.2 24.7	83.0 80.6	93.7	48.9 47.8	144.6 139.9	26.6 26.0	18.6 17.9	23.2 22.5
July r	35.1	23.1	59.2 57.0	53.8	24.7	78.4	92.1 88.9	47.8 46.4	139.9	25.4	17.9	22.3
August r September r	34.5	20.3	54.7	51.6	24.3	76.4	86.1	45.0	133.3	24.9	16.7	21.9
October	34.3	18.7	52.9	49.8	25.1	76.3 74.9	84.1	43.8	127.9	24.9	16.7	21.0

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT BY AGE, MARITAL STATUS AND FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS, OCTOBER 2002 ('000)

Looking for -Duration of Full-time Age group Not Part-time unemployment (weeks) 15-19 20-24 35-54 25-34 Total(a) Married work married work MALES 000 49.9 Under 52 56.5 47.1 51.8 68.0 237.4 73.5 163.9 187.5 5.1 5.0 9.5 7.6 8.8 4.8 10.8 7.9 9.2 5.7 9.7 9.5 7.1 8.1 33.1 24.1 39.0 22.7 15.6 under 2 7.4 10.4 24.3 8.4 11.0 12.2 19.3 28.2 2 and under 4 4.8 9.0 4 and under 8 28.0 8 and under 13 8.7 11.2 35.0 27.1 6.5 15.2 10.2 6.6 33.7 13 and under 26 8.7 8.9 10.0 45.4 14.8 30.6 38.8 6.6 26 and under 39 and under 52 8.3 6.2 6.7 4.5 9.0 5.1 36.4 24.4 10.1 6.5 26.3 17.9 29.9 20.0 6.5 4.5 52 and over 7.2 11.9 18.4 84.0 32.6 51.4 77.6 6.4 * 2.0 * 2.2 * 2.5 * 3.6 5.7 * 1.6 * 3.8 7.5 12.8 22.3 52 and under 65 * 3.1 * 4.2 8.6 11.3 * 2.0 * 2.8 7.6 20.8 6.6 8.6 65 and under 104 14.8 20.3 104 and over * 3.1 22.3 48.9 28.0 46.1 63.7 59.0 101.6 321.4 215.3 265.2 Total70.1 106.2 56.3 - weeks 47.3 77.4 62.2 24 Average duration — 25.4 38.0 56.9 67.8 51.6 32.0 Median duration 11 13 22 25 21 20 10 **FEMALES** '000 29.8 * 2.7 * 3.7 90.8 16.7 50.5 207.7 Under 52 60.0 60.8 67.2 140.5 116.8 9.7 7.6 30.9 25.2 7.6 5.9 14.2 10.2 19.9 under 2 11.1 2 and under 4 6.9 10.1 15.1 13.4 11.8 10.9 8.7 9.5 38.4 38.2 13.5 11.7 22.8 16.8 6.9 * 4.2 24.9 26.5 15.6 21.4 4 and under 8 10.9 8.3 8 and under 13 12.6 12.3 8.8 5.3 * 2.3 7.7 32.1 25.7 13.0 7.3 5.0 8.4 6.2 4.9 21.0 4.6 11.2 13 and under 26 19.1 8.7 5.7 18.5 * 1.5 26 and under 39 6.0 19.7 18.3 * 3.7 6.5 * 1.5 * 3.8 13.3 27.8 * 2.8 7.8 17.1 39 and under 52 12.2 34.1 * 2.8 13.0 52 and over 4.5 40.8 * 3.9 6.7 * 1.2 52 and under 65 * 0.4 * 0.4 * 1.1 * 1.3 * 2.3 9.5 * 2.3 * 1.3 65 and under 104 * 2.3 * 3.9 10.1 8.8 * 3.7 * 1.8 * 4.2 5.1 22.5 104 and over 13.1 26.7 17.2 64.5 36.3 58.2 79.3 248.4 80.2 168.2 150.9 97.5 - weeks 19.6 39.7 32.4 51.3 37.8 Average duration — Median duration — 39.1 39.7 50.3 21.7 12 17 14 11 PERSONS '000 Under 52 under 2 116.5 19.4 12.6 76.9 7.7 8.7 102.3 128.8 19.2 14.7 445.1 64.1 49.2 140.7 21.5 18.5 140.7 25.5 304.3 304.3 42.6 30.7 38.5 32.7 149 10.7 16.6 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 20.6 19.1 77.4 51.0 16.4 17.3 26.4 11.7 13.5 10.7 73.2 77.5 23.9 43.9 57.9 8 and under 13 21.3 18.8 19.9 49.3 29.3 25.9 19.6 51.6 45.9 18.8 14.3 7.5 13 and under 26 17.0 24.7 13.8 9.5 26 and under 39 14.5 18.9 62.0 48.2 16.1 39 and under 52 11.1 8.1 12.3 41.6 10.3 31.3 32.1 79.2 11.4 13.0 * 2.7 124.8 16.8 52 and over 11.7 * 2.4 18.4 * 4.0 26.1 * 3.5 52.2 5.3 45.6 5.4 111.7 14.0 52 and under 65 4.9 9.5 32.5 75.6 * 3.3 7.0 22.6 45.2 65 and under 104 4.5 8.8 9.9 29.2 104 and over 4.8 13.8 30.4 68.6 Total 128.2 95.3 128.4 181.0 569.9 186.4 383.5 416.1 153.8 40.5 65.9 21 25.5 8 Average duration -Median duration -46.3 17 57.9 22 22.5 38.6 49.1 54.9 10 14 16

⁽a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 2002

Age group		Males			Females				
		Not			Not			Proportion of	
	Married	married	Total	Married - '000 -	married	Total	Persons	population - per cent -	
15-19	* 2.1	291.7	293.8	7.6	260.3	267.9	561.7	41.0	
20-24	10.2	110.1	120.3	67.1	98.6	165.7	286.0	20.3	
25-34	42.2	95.1	137.3	302.3	129.2	431.5	568.8	19.5	
35-44	65.8	69.2	135.0	316.2	106.4	422.6	557.6	18.9	
45-54	88.6	69.6	158.3	259.6	92.7	352.3	510.6	19.1	
55-59	101.7	46.8	148.5	196.2	72.6	268.8	417.3	38.0	
60-64	170.5	52.6	223.1	224.3	86.4	310.7	533.8	63.9	
65-69	208.6	62.2	270.8	198.1	123.2	321.4	592.2	85.7	
70 and over	492.3	222.0	714.3	348.6	656.3	1,004.9	1,719.3	97.2	
Total	1,182.1	1,019.3	2,201.4	1,920.1	1,625.7	3,545.8	5,747.2	36.6	

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., OCTOBER 2002 $(^{\prime}000)$

	Males Not						
	Married	married	Total	Married	married	Total	Persons
Looking for work	18.7	44.2	62.9	36.5	49.6	86.1	149.1
Took active steps to find work(a)	9.3	22.5	31.8	15.5	25.8	41.3	73.0
Available to start work within four weeks	5.2	13.8	19.0	11.6	17.9	29.5	48.5
Unavailable to start within four weeks	* 4.1	8.7	12.8	* 3.9	7.9	11.8	24.6
Did not take active steps to find work	9.4	21.8	31.2	21.0	23.8	44.9	76.0
Not looking for work	1,111.4	852.6	1,963.9	1,848.2	1,399.7	3,247.9	5,211.8
Permanently unable to work	38.3	46.7	85.0	22.8	33.2	56.0	141.0
In institutions	13.8	75.8	89.5	12.6	143.2	155.8	245.4
Total	1,182.1	1,019.3	2,201.4	1,920.1	1,625.7	3,545.8	5,747.2

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week.

TABLE 28. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS SEPTEMBER 2002 AND OCTOBER 2002 ('000)

	Labour force status in October 2002							
I - 1 1	Employed	Employed		Not in the				
Labour force status in September 2002	full time	part time	Unemployed	labour force				
	MALES	<u>'</u>	*					
Employed full time	3,445.6	102.0	18.7	39.1				
Employed part time	77.9	466.5	16.2	46.4				
Unemployed	26.8	27.8	165.4	57.5				
Not in the labour force	24.5	41.8	43.7	1,496.6				
	MARRIED FEMALES							
Employed full time	1,004.7	108.5	* 2.6	19.7				
Employed part time	91.5	834.6	7.5	58.2				
Unemployed	4.6	11.7	31.2	28.5				
Not in the labour force	7.1	42.1	22.2	1,403.8				
	ALL FEMALES							
Employed full time	1,654.1	161.0	7.5	26.3				
Employed part time	137.5	1,311.5	17.7	91.3				
Unemployed	10.2	31.1	113.7	63.8				
Not in the labour force	14.4	67.4	58.0	2,482.1				
	PERSONS							
Employed full time	5,099.7	263.0	26.2	65.4				
Employed part time	215.3	1,777.9	33.9	137.7				
Unemployed	37.0	58.9	279.0	121.3				
Not in the labour force	38.9	109.3	101.7	3,978.7				

POPULATION REPRESENTED BY THE MATCHED SAMPLE

	Females					
Males	Married	Total	Persons			
6,096.5	3,678.6	6,247.4	12,343.9			

TABLE 29. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD, THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, OCTOBER 2002

		OCTOBER	2002				
	Lab Employed Unemployed fo			Not in labour _ force	Civilian popu Males	and over Persons	
Family member	7,754.5	PÉRSONS (435.1	*000) 8,189.6	4,167.2	6,111.0	6,245.8	12,356.8
Husband, wife or partner With children under 15 Without children under 15 With dependants Without dependants	5,767.1 2,604.8 3,162.3 3,136.6 2,630.5	181.0 95.6 85.4 109.0 72.0	5,948.1 2,700.4 3,247.7 3,245.6 2,702.5	2,958.3 764.8 2,193.6 881.5 2,076.9	4,523.0 1,761.3 2,761.8 2,097.4 2,425.6	4,383.4 1,703.9 2,679.5 2,029.6 2,353.8	8,906.4 3,465.2 5,441.3 4,127.0 4,779.4
Lone parent With children under 15 With dependent students but	397.2 240.9	53.0 41.4	450.1 282.3	386.3 225.2	137.1 64.8	699.3 442.6	836.5 507.5
without children under 15 Without dependants	64.5 91.7	4.5 7.0	69.1 98.8	21.3 139.9	19.0 53.3	71.3 185.3	90.4 238.6
Dependent student	458.1	72.4	530.5	493.8	511.1	513.3	1,024.4
Non-dependent child(a)	969.3	108.9	1,078.2	164.5	785.1	457.6	1,242.8
Other family person	162.8	19.7	182.5	164.2	154.6	192.1	346.7
Non-family member Lone person Not living alone	1,305.3 791.0 514.3	113.9 62.3 51.6	1,419.2 853.3 565.9	1,071.4 902.9 168.4	1,244.6 809.9 434.8	1,245.9 946.4 299.6	2,490.5 1,756.2 734.3
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	9,059.8	549.0	9,608.7	5,238.6	7,355.6	7,491.7	14,847.3
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	170.3	7.7	178.0	69.7	108.6	139.1	247.6
Total usual residents of private dwellings	9,230.1	556.7	9,786.7	5,308.2	7,464.2	7,630.8	15,095.0
Visitors to private dwellings	45.0	4.4	49.4	43.3	42.5	50.1	92.7
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	115.6	8.8	124.4	395.7	241.6	278.5	520.1
Total	9,390.6	569.9	9,960.5	5,747.2	7,748.3	7,959.4	15,707.7
Family member	PRO 82.6	PORTION OF TO 76.3	OTAL (per cent) 82.2	72.5	78.9	78.5	78.7
Husband, wife or partner With children under 15 Without children under 15 With dependants Without dependants	61.4 27.7 33.7 33.4 28.0	31.8 16.8 15.0 19.1 12.6	59.7 27.1 32.6 32.6 27.1	51.5 13.3 38.2 15.3 36.1	58.4 22.7 35.6 27.1 31.3	55.1 21.4 33.7 25.5 29.6	56.7 22.1 34.6 26.3 30.4
Lone parent With children under 15 With dependent students but	4.2 2.6	9.3 7.3	4.5 2.8	6.7 3.9	1.8 0.8	8.8 5.6	5.3 3.2
without children under 15 Without dependants	0.7 1.0	0.8 1.2	0.7 1.0	0.4 2.4	0.2 0.7	0.9 2.3	0.6 1.5
Dependent student	4.9	12.7	5.3	8.6	6.6	6.4	6.5
Non-dependent child(a)	10.3	19.1	10.8	2.9	10.1	5.7	7.9
Other family person	1.7	3.5	1.8	2.9	2.0	2.4	2.2
Non-family member Lone person Not living alone	13.9 8.4 5.5	20.0 10.9 9.1	14.2 8.6 5.7	18.6 15.7 2.9	16.1 10.5 5.6	15.7 11.9 3.8	15.9 11.2 4.7
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	96.5	96.3	96.5	91.1	94.9	94.1	94.5
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.6
Total usual residents of private dwellings	98.3	97.7	98.3	92.4	96.3	95.9	96.1
Visitors to private dwellings	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.2	1.5	1.2	6.9	3.1	3.5	3.3

⁽a) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 30. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), OCTOBER 2002

			OCTOBER							
		<u>Uner</u> Lookins						Civilian		
		Employed		for				populat-		
	Full- time	Part- time		full- time		Labour	Not in labour	ion aged	Unemp-	Partici-
	workers	workers	Total	work	Total - '000 -	force	force	15 and over	loyment rate - per	pation rate _cent -
Family member	3,659.5	621.7	MALE 4,281.3	S 189.9	233.5	4,514.8	1,596.2	6,111.0	5.2	73.9
Husband or partner	3,002.1	295.4	3,297.5	95.7	103.1	3,400.6	1,122.4	4,523.0	3.0	75.2 92.7
With children under 15 Without children under 15	1,473.3 1,528.8	106.2 189.1	1,579.5 1,717.9	50.5 45.2	53.9 49.2	1,633.5 1,767.2	127.8 994.6	1,761.3 2,761.8	3.3 2.8	92.7 64.0
With dependants Without dependants	1,743.8 1,258.3	126.5 168.9	1,870.2 1,427.3	57.6 38.1	61.7 41.4	1,931.9 1,468.7	165.5 956.9	2,097.4 2,425.6	3.2 2.8	92.1 60.6
Lone parent	70.2	13.9	84.0	7.2	8.4	92.4	44.7	137.1	9.1	67.4
With children under 15	30.4	10.3	40.7	* 4.2	4.8	45.4	19.4	64.8	10.5	70.1
With dependent students but without children under 15	13.0	* 0.7	13.6	* 0.9	* 1.2	14.8	* 4.2	19.0	* 7.9	77.8
Without dependants	26.9	* 2.9	29.7	* 2.1	* 2.4	32.2	21.1	53.3	* 7.6	60.4
Dependent student	13.5	194.3	207.8	4.7	34.8	242.5	268.5	511.1	14.3	47.5
Non-dependent child(b)	502.8	102.4	605.2	70.7	74.2	679.4	105.7	785.1	10.9	86.5
Other family person	71.0	15.8	86.8	11.6	13.0	99.8	54.8	154.6	13.0	64.5
Non-family member	642.0	126.7	768.6	63.7	74.0	842.6	402.0	1,244.6	8.8	67.7
Lone person Not living alone	392.8 249.2	69.3 57.3	462.1 306.5	36.8 26.9	42.2 31.7	504.4 338.3	305.5 96.5	809.9 434.8	8.4 9.4	62.3 77.8
Total	4,301.5	748.4	5,049.9	253.6	307.5	5,357.4	1,998.2	7,355.6	5.7	72.8
Family member	1,790.7	1,682.6	FEMAL 3,473.2	118.7	201.5	3,674.8	2,571.0	6,245.8	5.5	58.8
Wife or partner	1,315.9	1,153.7	2,469.6	51.9	77.9	2,547.5	1,835.9	4,383.4	3.1	58.1
With children under 15 Without children under 15	405.4 910.6	619.9 533.8	1,025.3 1,444.4	23.1 28.8	41.7 36.2	1,067.0 1,480.6	637.0 1,199.0	1,703.9 2,679.5	3.9 2.4	62.6 55.3
With dependants Without dependants	539.0 777.0	727.4 426.3	1,266.4 1,203.2	27.5 24.4	47.3 30.6	1,313.7 1,233.8	715.9 1,120.0	2,029.6 2,353.8	3.6 2.5	64.7 52.4
•	149.6	163.5	313.1	25.2	44.6	357.7	341.6	699.3		51.1
Lone parent With children under 15	76.5	123.8	200.3	18.6	36.6	236.9	205.8	442.6	12.5 15.5	53.5
With dependent students but without children under 15	32.8	18.1	50.9	* 2.6	* 3.4	54.2	17.1	71.3	* 6.2	76.0
Without dependants	40.3	21.6	62.0	* 3.9	4.6	66.6	118.8	185.3	6.9	35.9
Dependent student	11.9	238.5	250.3	* 4.0	37.7	288.0	225.3	513.3	13.1	56.1
Non-dependent child(b)	264.0	100.1	364.1	32.2	34.7	398.8	58.8	457.6	8.7	87.2
Other family person	49.3	26.7	76.0	5.4	6.7	82.8	109.3	192.1	8.2	43.1
Non-family member	384.9 246.5	151.7	536.6	28.6 15.3	39.9 20.1	576.6 349.0	669.4	1,245.9 946.4	6.9	46.3 36.9
Lone person Not living alone	138.5	82.4 69.3	328.9 207.7	13.3	19.9	227.6	597.4 71.9	299.6	5.8 8.7	76.0
Total	2,175.6	1,834.3	4,009.9	147.2	241.5	4,251.4	3,240.4	7,491.7	5.7	56.7
Family member	5,450.2	2,304.3	PERSON 7,754.5	NS 308.6	435.1	8,189.6	4,167.2	12,356.8	5.3	66.3
•	-,	1,449.1	5,767.1			5,948.1	2,958.3	8,906.4	3.0	
Husband, wife or partner With children under 15	4,318.0 1,878.7	726.2	2,604.8	147.6 73.6	181.0 95.6	2,700.4	764.8	3,465.2	3.5	66.8 77.9
Without children under 15 With dependants	2,439.4 2,282.7	722.9 853.9	3,162.3 3,136.6	74.0 85.2	85.4 109.0	3,247.7 3,245.6	2,193.6 881.5	5,441.3 4,127.0	2.6 3.4	59.7 78.6
Without dependants	2,035.3	595.2	2,630.5	62.4	72.0	2,702.5	2,076.9	4,779.4	2.7	56.5
Lone parent With children under 15	219.8 106.8	177.4 134.1	397.2 240.9	32.3 22.8	53.0 41.4	450.1 282.3	386.3 225.2	836.5 507.5	11.8 14.7	53.8 55.6
With dependent students but	45.7	18.8	64.5	* 3.6	4.5	69.1	21.3	90.4	6.6	76.4
without children under 15 Without dependants	67.2	24.5	91.7	6.0	7.0	98.8	139.9	238.6	7.1	41.4
Dependent student	25.3	432.8	458.1	8.7	72.4	530.5	493.8	1,024.4	13.6	51.8
Non-dependent child(b)	766.8	202.5	969.3	102.9	108.9	1,078.2	164.5	1,242.8	10.1	86.8
Other family person	120.2	42.6	162.8	17.0	19.7	182.5	164.2	346.7	10.8	52.6
Non-family member	1,026.9	278.4	1,305.3	92.3	113.9	1,419.2	1,071.4	2,490.5	8.0	57.0
Lone person Not living alone	639.2 387.7	151.8 126.6	791.0 514.3	52.0 40.3	62.3 51.6	853.3 565.9	902.9 168.4	1,756.2 734.3	7.3 9.1	48.6 77.1
Total	6,477.1	2,582.7	9,059.8	400.9	549.0	9,608.7		14,847.3	5.7	64.7
1 Utai	0,477.1	4,304.1	2,032.0	700.3	347.0	2,000.7	3,430.0	17,047.3	3.7	U4./

⁽a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 51 and 52. (b) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 31. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, OCTOBER 2002 ('000 families)

					(000 141111							
	<i>No</i>	<u>ne employe</u>	ed	Oi	<u>ne employe</u>	<u>'d</u>	Two or	<u>r more em</u> į	oloyed		Total	
	3.7	One or		3.7	One or		3.7	One or		3.7	One or	
Number of family	None	more		None	more		None	more		None	more	
members of any age	unemp-	unemp-	T-4-1	unemp-	unemp-	T - 4 - 1	unemp-	unemp-	T-4-1	unemp-	unemp-	T - 4 - 1
	loyed	loyed	Total	<u>loyed</u> CO	<u>loyed</u> DUPLE FA	Total MILY	loyed	loyed	Total	loyed	loyed	Total
Two	715.3	19.5	734.7	301.3	37.5	338.8	872.6		872.6	1,889.1	57.0	1,946.1
Three	52.5	19.0	71.5	224.6	29.4	254.0	517.6	13.2	530.8	794.6	61.6	856.3
Four	32.8	18.5	51.3	242.3	27.8	270.0	677.0	34.9	711.9	952.0	81.2	1,033.2
Five	11.5	6.9	18.4	115.0	17.7	132.8	279.6	24.9	304.5	406.1	49.5	455.7
Six or more	11.3	5.6	16.9	42.1	* 4.3	46.4	91.4	9.8	101.1	144.8	19.6	164.4
Total	823.3	69.5	892.8	925.3	116.7	1,041.9	2,438.2	82.7	2,520.9	4,186.8	268.9	4,455.7
			ONE PA		MILY WI	ГН А МА	LE PARE	NT				
Two	15.8	5.5	21.2	37.5	* 3.2	40.7	24.5		24.5	77.7	8.6	86.4
Three or more	9.4	* 2.6	12.0	18.5	* 3.9	22.4	15.9	* 1.7	17.6	43.7	8.2	51.9
Total	25.2	8.1	33.2	56.0	7.1	63.1	40.3	* 1.7	42.1	121.5	16.9	138.3
			ONE PAR	ENT FAM	ILY WIT	H A FEMA	ALE PAR	ENT				
Two	114.1	25.4	139.6	162.5	11.8	174.3	45.9		45.9	322.5	37.2	359.7
Three	67.6	15.7	83.3	74.2	10.7	84.9	45.7	6.0	51.7	187.5	32.4	219.9
Four	31.1	8.1	39.2	23.1	* 3.9	26.9	16.4	* 2.9	19.2	70.5	14.9	85.4
Five or more	21.5	* 4.2	25.7	6.2	* 2.0	8.3	7.6	* 1.2	8.8	35.4	7.4	42.8
Total	234.4	53.4	287.8	266.1	28.4	294.4	115.5	10.1	125.6	615.9	91.8	707.8
					ENT FAM							
Two	129.9	30.9	160.8	200.0	14.9	215.0	70.3		70.3	400.3	45.8	446.1
Three	75.1	17.8	92.9	89.6	13.3	102.9	58.8	7.2	66.0	223.5	38.2	261.8
Four	32.3	8.6	40.9	24.5	5.2	29.7	18.7	* 3.1	21.8	75.6	16.9	92.5
Five or more	22.2	* 4.2	26.4	7.9	* 2.0	9.9	7.9	* 1.5	9.4	38.0	7.7	45.7
Total	259.6	61.4	321.0	322.0	35.5	357.5	155.8	11.8	167.6	737.4	108.7	846.1
				O	THER FA	MILY						
Two	16.6	5.2	21.8	13.9	5.0	18.9	36.2		36.2	66.8	10.2	77.0
Three or more	* 1.1	* 0.3	* 1.4	* 0.9	* 0.3	* 1.2	4.4	* 0.0	4.4	6.5	* 0.6	7.1
Total	17.8	5.5	23.3	14.9	5.3	20.1	40.7	* 0.0	40.7	73.3	10.8	84.0
					TOTAI							
Two	861.8	55.5	917.4	515.2	57.4	572.7	979.1		979.1	2,356.2	113.0	2,469.2
Three	128.5	37.1	165.6	315.1	43.0	358.0	580.8	20.4	601.2	1,024.4	100.5	1,124.9
Four	65.3	27.2	92.5	266.8	33.0	299.7	695.7	38.0	733.7	1,027.8	98.2	1,126.0
Five	27.9	9.6	37.5	121.5	19.2	140.8	285.2	26.0	311.2	434.7	54.9	489.5
Six or more	17.1	7.0	24.1	43.5	4.8	48.3	93.7	10.1	103.8	154.3	21.9	176.2
Total	1,100.7	136.4	1,237.1	1,262.1	157.4	1,419.5	2,634.6	94.5	2,729.2	4,997.4	388.4	5,385.8

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 51 and 52 for details of exclusions to family tables.

TABLE 32. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDANTS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, OCTOBER 2002 ('000 families)

	(′0	00 families)					
	Number	Number of children under 15					
			Two or	Numb	<u>er of dependa</u>		
	None	One	more	None	One	Two or more	Total
	NO FAMILY						
Couple family One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c)	790.2 22.5	34.3 10.9	68.3 23.1	776.2 20.3	37.0 10.8	79.7 25.3	892.8 56.5
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	6.6	* 1.8	* 2.7	5.4	* 2.0	* 3.7	11.1
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force Neither spouse unemployed(c)	11.8 767.8	8.8 23.4	19.2 45.2	10.8 755.9	8.6 26.2	20.4 54.3	39.8 836.4
• • •							
One parent families Parent unemployed	75.6 5.3	117.6 21.5	127.8 16.4	58.5 * 2.0	116.5 21.1	146.0 20.0	321.0 43.1
Male parent unemployed	* 1.8	* 3.4	* 0.8	* 1.0	* 3.5	* 1.5	6.0
Female parent unemployed	* 3.4 70.3	18.1	15.6	* 1.0	17.6	18.5	37.1 277.9
Parent not unemployed Male parent not in the labour force	8.6	96.2 12.2	111.4 6.4	56.5 6.1	95.4 12.4	126.0 8.7	277.9
Female parent not in the labour force	61.7	84.0	104.9	50.3	83.0	117.4	250.6
Other family	23.3			23.3			23.3
Family reference person unemployed Family reference person not unemployed	* 2.4 20.8			* 2.4 20.8			* 2.4 20.8
Family reference person not in the labour force	20.8			20.8			20.8
Total	889.1	151.9	196.1	857.9	153.5	225.7	1,237.1
	OR MORE FAM				133.3	223.7	1,237.1
Couple family	1,940.3	615.8	1,006.7	1,620.3	657.0	1,285.5	3,562.8
One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed	55.3 24.2	24.8 14.7	30.3 19.5	46.1 20.3	23.8 13.8	40.5 24.2	110.3 58.4
Husband unemployed, wife employed	26.4	7.1	8.5	22.7	7.7	11.6	42.0
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	* 0.9 * 2.2	* 0.8 * 1.7	* 0.3 * 1.7	* 0.2 * 1.2	* 0.6 * 1.5	* 1.2 * 2.9	* 2.0 5.6
Neither spouse unemployed(c)	1,885.0	591.0	976.5	1,574.2	633.2	1,245.1	3,452.5
Husband employed, wife employed	1,313.8 349.2	393.0 171.8	586.0 361.7	1,084.5 293.6	420.2 176.0	788.1 413.0	2,292.8 882.6
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	123.6	18.7	25.2	109.7	23.7	34.1	167.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	87.3	7.5	* 3.6	75.3	13.3	9.8	98.5
	264.3	158.2	102.7	190.2	181.6	153.3	525.1
One parent families Parent unemployed	6.9	* 1.9	* 1.5	5.5	* 1.7	* 3.1	10.3
Parent not unemployed	257.3	156.3	101.2	184.7	180.0	150.1	514.8
Male parent employed Female parent employed	44.2 116.8	26.5 119.1	13.9 81.2	30.7 65.4	32.7 135.1	21.3 116.6	84.7 317.1
Male parent not in the labour force	17.4	* 0.4	* 0.3	15.7	* 1.8	* 0.5	18.0
Female parent not in the labour force	79.0	10.3	5.8	72.9	10.4	11.7	95.1
Other family	60.8 * 2.8		• •	60.8 * 2.8			60.8 * 2.8
Family reference person unemployed Family reference person not unemployed	58.0	• •	• •	58.0			58.0
Family reference person employed	49.1			49.1			49.1
Family reference person not in the labour force	8.8	• •	• •	8.8	• •	• •	8.8
Total	2,265.3	774.0	1,109.4	1,871.3	838.7	1,438.8	4,148.7
Couple family	2,730.5	TOTAL 650.1	1,075.1	2,396.5	694.0	1,365.2	4,455.7
One or both spouses unemployed(b)(c)	77.8	35.7	53.4	66.4	34.6	65.8	166.8
Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed	24.2 26.4	14.7 7.1	19.5 8.5	20.3 22.7	13.8 7.7	24.2 11.6	58.4 42.0
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	7.5	* 2.6	* 3.0	5.6	* 2.6	4.9	13.1
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force Neither spouse unemployed(c)	13.9 2,652.7	10.5 614.4	20.9 1,021.7	12.0 2.330.1	10.1 659.4	23.3 1,299.4	45.4 4,288.8
Husband employed, wife employed	1,313.8	393.0	586.0	1,084.5	420.2	788.1	2,292.8
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	349.2 123.6	171.8 18.7	361.7 25.2	293.6 109.7	176.0 23.7	413.0 34.1	882.6 167.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the							
labour force	855.1	30.9	48.8	831.2	39.5	64.1	934.8
One parent families Parent unemployed	339.9 12.2	275.8 23.3	230.4 17.9	248.7 7.5	298.2 22.8	299.3 23.1	846.1 53.4
Male parent unemployed	* 3.7	* 3.9	* 0.8	* 2.6	* 4.2	* 1.7	8.5
Female parent unemployed	8.5	19.4	17.1	5.0	18.6	21.5	45.0
Parent not unemployed Male parent employed	327.7 44.2	252.5 26.5	212.5 13.9	241.2 30.7	275.4 32.7	276.1 21.3	792.7 84.7
Female parent employed	116.8	119.1	81.2	65.4	135.1	116.6	317.1
Male parent not in the labour force Female parent not in the labour force	26.0 140.7	12.5 94.3	6.7 110.7	21.8 123.2	14.2 93.4	9.2 129.1	45.2 345.7
•							
Other family Family reference person unemployed	84.0 5.2			84.0 5.2			84.0 5.2
Family reference person not unemployed	78.8			78.8			78.8
Family reference person employed Family reference person not in the labour force	49.1 29.7			49.1 29.7			49.1 29.7
•							
Total	3,154.4	925.9	1,305.5	2,729.2	992.2	1,664.5	5,385.8

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 51 and 52 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed. (c) Includes same sex couples.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the Monthly Population Survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.
- Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for over 77 regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. These data are also available as a special data service. For details, contact any ABS office.
- Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0).
- Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics appears at the end of this publication.

CONCEPTS, SOURCES AND **METHODS**

The conceptual framework used in Australia's Labour Force Survey aligns closely with the standards and guidelines set out in Resolutions of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of Australia's labour force statistics, and the sources and methods used in compiling the estimates, are presented in Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6102.0) which is also available on the ABS web site (About Statistics—Concepts and Classifications).

MONTHLY POPULATION **SURVEY**

- The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about 0.5% of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e the reference week).
- Households selected for the Labour Force Survey are interviewed each month for 8 months, with one eighth of the sample being replaced each month. The first interview is conducted face-to-face. Subsequent interviews are conducted by telephone (if acceptable to the respondent).

MONTHLY POPULATION SURVEY continued

- The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. Each year, to deal with operational difficulties involved with collecting and processing the Labour Force Survey around the Christmas and New Year holiday period, interviews for December start four weeks after November interviews start, and January interviews start five weeks after December interviews start. In addition, circumstances that present significant operational difficulties for survey collection can result in a change to the normal pattern for the start of interviewing.
- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey are published first in Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0) 31 days after the commencement of interviews for that month, with the exception of estimates for each December which are published 38 days after the commencement of interviews.

10 The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 years and over except:

- members of the permanent defence forces;
- certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts;
- overseas residents in Australia; and
- members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

From July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory has been excluded from the scope of the survey. Before July 1993 it was included in estimates for the Australian Capital Territory.

- **11** In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 51 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.
- **12** Persons who are away from their usual residence for six weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence (relevant information may be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey).

SCOPE

COVERAGE

POPULATION BENCHMARKS

13 Labour Force Survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the usually resident population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for more than six weeks but for less than 12 months are included in the independent population statistics (benchmarks) and are thus provided for in the calculation of the estimates. The benchmarks are the latest available estimates at the time the Labour Force Survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

REVISION OF POPULATION **BENCHMARKS**

- **14** Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each Census of Population and Housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1999 to take account of the results of the 1996 Census of Population and Housing. This revision affected all the monthly estimates from January 1995 to January 1999.
- 15 Population benchmarks used in the estimation of Labour Force Survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. An explanation of the place of usual residence conceptual basis for population estimates is given in *Demographic Estimates and Projections*: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 3228.0) which is available on the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au (About Statistics—Concepts and Classifications).

HISTORY OF THE SURVEY

16 National surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964 to February 1978. The survey has been conducted on a monthly basis since February 1978.

QUESTIONNAIRE CHANGES

- 17 The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised from time to time. Details of these changes have been published in Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (cat. no. 6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991, March 1993 and May 2001.
- 18 From April 2001, the Labour Force Survey has been conducted using a redesigned questionnaire containing additional data items and some minor definitional changes. Core labour force series have been revised for the period April 1986 to March 2001 to ensure continuity. For further details, see Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire (cat. no. 6295.0).

TREATMENT OF FUTURE **STARTERS**

- **19** Future starters are those persons who were not employed during the reference week, and were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week, and could have started in the reference week if the job had been available then.
- **20** The current Labour Force Survey definition of unemployed only includes the subset of future starters who had actively looked for work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week (see Glossary). However, International Labour Organisation guidelines do not require future starters to be actively looking for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Hence, the current Labour Force Survey treatment of future starters is not fully consistent with the International Labour Organisation standards because the precondition of active job search is not waived, with the result that some future starters are defined as not in the labour force.
- **21** ABS considers that the Labour Force Survey definition of unemployed should be aligned with International Labour Organisation recommendations for the treatment of future starters (that is, all future starters should be classified as unemployed). The redesigned questionnaire introduced in April 2001 provides for the more complete identification of future starters to support this definitional change. However, due to concerns that such a change could possibly result in a break in the core labour force series, ABS decided to postpone implementation of this change until early 2004, when historical series will be revised to align with new benchmarks from the 2001 Population Census. This delay provides the time necessary to monitor the likely impact on core series of the changed treatment of future starters, using data from the redesigned questionnaire from April 2001 onwards. Analysis of data from the October 2002 Labour Force Survey shows that an estimated 12,100 future starters were not actively looking for work, and hence were classified as not in the labour force.

INCLUSION OF **CONTRIBUTING FAMILY WORKERS**

- 22 In April 1986, the questionnaire was revised following the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1-14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). This definition aligned the Australian labour force concepts with the set of definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.
- 23 Previously, contributing family workers who worked 1–14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES

- 24 As a result of changes in coding methods, estimates classified by industry, occupation and status in employment data from February 2000 onwards are not strictly comparable with earlier periods. For details on the changes to industry and occupation refer to the article in the November 1999 issue of this publication. For details of the change to status in employment see the article in the May 2000 issue of this publication.
- **25** The ABS introduced telephone interviewing into the Labour Force Survey in August 1996. Implementation was phased in for each new sample group from August 1996 to February 1997. During this period of implementation, the new method produced different estimates than would have been obtained under the old methodology. The effect dissipated over the final months of implementation and was no longer discernible from February 1997. The estimates for February 1997 and onwards are directly comparable to estimates for periods prior to August 1996. For further details, see the feature article in the June 1997 issue of Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0).
- **26** From December 1989 onwards, the category *Other families* was split into One-parent families and Other families. In March 1994, Relationship in household and Family type classifications were introduced to align with ABS standards. From April 2001, same sex couples are included in couple families; previously these persons were included in One-parent families or as a Non-family member.
- 27 Estimates of the number of families in this publication are not strictly comparable with those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the Labour Force Survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure.

SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN

28 Following each Population Census, the ABS reselects the Labour Force Survey sample to take into account the new information which is obtained from the Census. The sample that was used in the Labour Force Survey from September 1992 to August 1997 has been replaced by a new sample selected using information collected in the 1996 Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For additional information, see Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design (cat. no. 6269.0).

SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN continued

29 The sampling fractions for each state/territory differ in order to yield reliable estimates of the main labour force aggregates for each state and territory. The sampling fractions for the current sample together with the sampling fractions determined from the 1991 Census are:

	1991 Census redesign	1996 Census redesign
New South Wales	1 in 277	1 in 300
Victoria	1 in 242	1 in 257
Queensland	1 in 195	1 in 222
South Australia	1 in 139	1 in 147
Western Australia	1 in 146	1 in 160
Tasmania	1 in 75	1 in 83
Northern Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85
Australian Capital Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85

RELIABILITY OF THE **ESTIMATES**

30 Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes; and
- non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN LABOUR FORCE SURVEY ESTIMATES AND OTHER **ESTIMATES**

- **31** The results of the 1996 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force estimates derived from the Census differ from those derived from the Labour Force Survey.
- 32 The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the Census and the survey.
- 33 There are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the Population Census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the Labour Force Survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 13), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics, and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or Census.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN LABOUR FORCE SURVEY ESTIMATES AND OTHER **ESTIMATES** continued

- **34** The Labour Force Survey provides detailed and up-to-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, states and regions, whereas the Census of Population and Housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.
- **35** These considerations should be borne in mind when comparisons are made between Population Census and Labour Force Survey estimates.

SFASONAL ADJUSTMENT

36 Seasonally adjusted series are published in tables 2, 8 and 24. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted movement in series at the Australia level, with the following frequency:

Series	Monthly movements
Employment	6 in 10
Unemployment	8 in 10
Unemployment rate	8 in 10
Participation rate	9 in 10

37 Seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The results of the latest annual review were used to compile the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates given in this publication. Information about the most recent annual review of seasonal factors was published in a feature article in the February 2002 issue of this publication.

TREND ESTIMATION

38 Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Quarterly trend estimates (e.g. employment by industry) are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average also uses surrogate forms of the average as the end of a time series is approached. Unlike the surrogate weights of the 13-term Henderson used on monthly data, the weights employed here are tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 4 to 7 with the trend series published in tables 3, 9 and 24. Long term data are available on the ABS on-line data dissemination service, AusStats.

TREND ESTIMATION continued

- **39** While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months or two quarters have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 37.
- 40 Trend estimates for the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory are published in table 9. Original estimates for the two territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates after each annual seasonal factor re-analysis. Seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two territories. The most recent six months trend estimates are subject to revision. For the three most recent months, the revision may be relatively large. Inferences about trends drawn from smoothed seasonally adjusted (trend) estimates for months earlier than the latest three months are unlikely to be affected by month-to-month revisions. They may, however, be revised as a result of the annual re-analysis of seasonal factors.
- **41** Users may wish to refer to the ABS publication A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring 'Trends' an Overview (cat. no. 1348.0) for further information about trend estimates. Details of the trend weighting patterns are available on request from the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345.
- **42** Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 30.
- 43 In order to minimise respondent load and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one-eighth of the dwellings are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 44 Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.

MONTH-TO-MONTH **MOVEMENTS**

GROSS FLOWS

GROSS FLOWS continued

- **45** The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. The mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys means that about 10% of persons in private dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. The introduction of the new sample means less persons will be common between August, September and October 1997. Normally those who can be matched represent about 80% of all persons in the survey.
- 46 Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table (table 28). About two-thirds of the remaining (unmatched) 20% of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other third are likely to be somewhat different.
- 47 Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months. Note that the estimates have not been adjusted to account for the unmatched sample component.
- **48** Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the proportions of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 49 While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Notes. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from table A of the Technical Notes.

LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS OF **FAMILIES**

50 As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their relationship in the household and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children under 15 present, and the number of dependants present.

LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS OF **FAMILIES** continued

- **51** Because of the survey coverage rules, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is difficult. Thus, survey questions used to determine family relationships are restricted to persons enumerated as usual residents of private dwellings. That is, the following persons are excluded:
- all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
- persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.
- **52** In addition, in those households where it is not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information is recorded. Thus persons living in households which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are excluded from survey questions used to determine family relationships because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly, households which, at the time of the survey, have one or more of their usual residents away for more than six weeks, are excluded from the family relationship questions. This also applies to households from which an incomplete or inadequate questionnaire was obtained for any usual resident in on scope and coverage. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, relationship in household is determined for more than 90% of all civilians aged 15 and over.
- 53 From April 1991, labour force birthplace data are aggregated according to major groups of the Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC) (cat. no. 1269.0) and its predecessor. The SACC was developed by the ABS for use whenever demographic, labour and social statistics are classified by countries.
- 54 The SACC major groups are based on the concept of geographic proximity. They differ from the country groups presented in this publication prior to April 1991. For example, African countries are now covered by 'The Middle East and North Africa' and 'Africa (excluding North Africa)', while Asia has been split into 'Southeast Asia', 'Northeast Asia' and 'Southern Asia'. Data for selected individual countries will continue to be available in this publication.

BIRTHPLACE

INDUSTRY

55 From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), a detailed description of which appears in ANZSIC 1993 (cat. no. 1292.0). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of 4 levels (Division, Subdivision, Group and Class). Labour Force Survey data are coded at the Group level, as was the practice under ASIC.

56 To enable the conversion of historical data from ASIC to ANZSIC for the period November 1984 to May 1994, a concordance was published in the August 1994 issue of this publication and in the Information Paper Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry Data (Replacement Publication) (cat. no. 6259.0). It has been found that the concordance, which was based on preliminary investigations, did not provide the most appropriate conversion for certain Group level industries. An improved concordance has now been applied to historical Labour Force Survey estimates. This concordance was published in an appendix to the May 1996 issue of this publication, and in a further issue of the above Information Paper. For further information about the new concordance or the availability of data, contact Marjory Smith on Canberra 02 6252 6510.

OCCUPATION

57 From August 1996, Labour Force Survey occupation data are classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) Second Edition, a detailed description of which appears in ASCO — Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition (cat. no. 1220.0). The new version of the classification replaces ASCO First Edition, which was adopted in the survey in August 1986. Like ASCO First Edition, ASCO Second Edition is a skill-based classification of occupation. However, the structure of ASCO Second Edition comprises five hierarchical levels (Major Group, Sub-Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation) compared with four levels in ASCO First Edition (Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation). Under ASCO Second Edition, Labour Force Survey data are coded to the Unit Group level, as was the practice under ASCO First Edition.

ADDITIONAL DATA

- 58 Some information is collected in the Labour Force Survey only four months each year in February, May, August, November. For these months, additional tables are included in this publication which present data for:
 - employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status in employment;
 - part-time workers' preference to work more hours; and
 - the last job details of unemployed persons.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

59 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 6202.0) — issued monthly

Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6102.0)

Labour Force, Teenage Employment and Unemployment, Australia, Preliminary - Data Report (cat. no. 6202.0.40.001) — issued monthly

Labour Force, Selected Summary Tables, Australia (cat. no. 6291.0.40.001) — issued monthly

Labour Force, Australia, 1978 – 1995 (cat. no. 6204.0)

Labour Force Projections, Australia: 1999 to 2016 (cat. no. 6260.0)

Wage and Salary Earners, Public Sector, Australia (cat. no. 6248.0) issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (cat. no. 6232.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design (cat. no. 6269.0)

Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics (cat. no. 6262.0)

Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire (cat. no. 6295.0)

A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring "Trends" An Overview (cat. no. 1348.0)

Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry data (Replacement publication) (cat. no. 6259.0)

Directory of Labour Market and Social Survey Data (Choosing data from the ABS Household Survey Program) (cat. no. 1135.0).

- 60 ABS information about the labour market can be found on the Labour theme page on the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au (Themes — People).
- **61** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site (Products and Services). The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site (Information on Releases) which details products to be released in the week ahead.

DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

62 As well as statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available. Inquiries should be made to Marjory Smith on 02 6252 6510 or any ABS office.

ROUNDING

63 Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER **USAGES**

subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 7 of the Technical Notes

n.a. not available not applicable

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

revised

TECHNICAL NOTES

1 A new sample for the Labour Force Survey has been phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For information about the sample design see Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design (cat. no. 6269.0).

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

RELIABILITY OF THE **ESTIMATES**

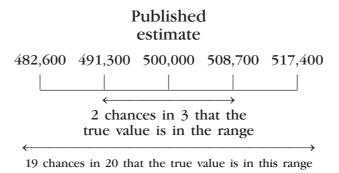
- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included will differ by less than one standard error from a sample estimate, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.
- The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. It is not possible to quantify non-sampling error, but every effort is made to reduce it to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures. For the examples in paragraph 9 it is assumed to be zero. In practice, the potential for non-sampling error adds to the uncertainty of the estimates caused by sampling variability.

RELIABILITY OF THE **ESTIMATES** continued

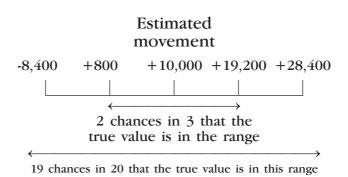
- Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using tables A and B.
- The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- As the standard errors in table A show, the smaller the estimate the bigher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25% or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.
- The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.04. Standard errors of all six monthly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.28. When using table A or table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

RELIABILITY OF THE **ESTIMATES** continued

- 9 Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
- Consider an estimate for Australia of 500,000 employed persons aged 15-19 years. By referring to table A, in the row for an estimate of 500,000 and the column for Australia, a standard error of 8,700 is obtained. There are about two chances in three that the true value (the number that would have been obtained if the whole population had been included in the survey) is within the range 491,300 to 508,700. There are about nineteen chances in twenty that the true value is in the range 482,600 to 517,400.



• Consider estimates for females employed part time in Australia of 1,390,000 in one month and 1,400,000 in the next month. This represents an upward movement of 10,000. By referring to table B for the larger estimate of 1,400,000, a movement standard error of 9,200 is obtained (after applying linear interpolation and rounding). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the true movement is in the range +800 to +19,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the true movement is in the range -8,400 to +28,400.



RELIABILITY OF THE **ESTIMATES** continued **10** The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average bours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

aggregate hours worked: 1.4;

average hours worked: 0.9;

average duration of unemployment: 1.5; and

median duration of unemployment: 1.7.

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25% are shown in table C.

11 The following is an example of the calculation of standard errors where the use of a factor is required:

- Consider a median duration of unemployment for Australia of 30 weeks, with an estimate of 1,000,000 persons unemployed. Table A gives the standard error as 11,350 which is 1.1% as a relative standard error. The factor of 1.7 (see paragraph 10) is applied to the relative standard error of 1.1% to obtain 1.9%. Therefore the standard error for the median duration of unemployment is 1.9% of 30 weeks, i.e. about half of one week. So there are two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment is between 29.5 and 30.5 weeks, and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is between 29 and 31 weeks.
- **12** Proportions and percentages (for example, unemployment rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

RSE (x / y) =
$$\sqrt{[RSE (x)]^2 - [RSE (y)]^2}$$

13 Standard errors contained in tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly Labour Force Survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally 5% lower than those shown in tables A and B, while standard errors for estimates of unemployment and persons not in the labour force are both approximately 4% higher than those shown in the tables.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM SEPTEMBER 1997(a)

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT _	Aust.	
Size of										
estimate	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%
100						100	100	130		
200				210	210	140	130	160	140	70.0
300	220	230	310	250	260	160	150	180	180	60.0
500	320	320	390	310	330	200	190	210	270	54.0
700	400	390	460	360	380	230	220	240	340	48.6
1 000	520	490	540	410	450	270	250	270	440	44.0
1 500	670	620	650	490	540	320	290	310	570	38.0
2 000	800	740	740	550	610	360	330	340	700	35.0
2 500	900	850	800	600	650	400	350	350	800	32.0
3 000	1 000	900	900	650	700	400	400	400	900	30.0
3 500	1 100	1 000	950	700	750	450	400	400	950	27.1
4 000	1 200	1 050	1 000	750	800	450	450	450	1 050	26.3
5 000	1 350	1 200	1 100	800	900	500	450	500	1 200	24.0
7 000	1 600	1 400	1 300	900	1 050	600	550	550	1 450	20.7
10 000	1 900	1 650	1 500	1 050	1 200	700	600	600	1 700	17.0
15 000	2 300	1 950	1 800	1 250	1 400	800	700	750	2 100	14.0
20 000	2 600	2 200	2 050	1 400	1 550	900	800	800	2 450	12.3
30 000	3 100	2 600	2 400	1 650	1 850	1 050	900	950	2 950	9.8
40 000	3 450	2 900	2 750	1 850	2 050	1 150	1 000	1 100	3 300	8.3
50 000	3 700	3 100	3 000	2 050	2 200	1 250	1 100	1 200	3 650	7.3
100 000	4 600	3 900	4 000	2 700	2 850	1 600	1 400	1 650	4 750	4.8
150 000	5 250	4 550	4 700	3 200	3 300	1 900	1 600	1 950	5 500	3.7
200 000	5 750	5 100	5 300	3 550	3 650	2 100	1 800	2 250	6 150	3.1
300 000	6 700	6 050	6 250	4 200	4 150	2 450		2 700	7 150	2.4
500 000	8 350	7 550	7 650	5 100	4 950	2 900			8 700	1.7
1 000 000	11 650	10 600	10 000	6 700	6 150				11 350	1.1
2 000 000	17 150	15 400	13 050	8 750	7 600				15 000	0.8
5 000 000	30 750	26 500	18 400						23 000	0.5
10 000 000									40 350	0.4

(a) For standard errors for earlier period, see previous issues of this publication.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FOR OCTOBER 1997 TO NOVEMBER 1997 В ONWARDS(a)

Size of									
larger estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
100						100	90	100	310
200			330	210	270	130	110	130	400
300	490	400	380	240	300	150	130	140	460
500	580	480	450	280	360	180	160	170	550
700	650	530	500	320	400	200	180	190	630
1 000	730	600	570	360	450	220	210	210	710
1 500	840	690	660	420	520	260	240	240	820
2 000	920	760	730	460	570	280	270	270	910
2 500	1 000	820	780	500	610	310	300	290	980
3 000	1 060	880	840	530	650	330	320	310	1 050
4 000	1 170	970	920	590	720	360	360	340	1 160
5 000	1 260	1 040	1 000	630	770	390	390	360	1 260
7 000	1 410	1 170	1 120	710	860	440	440	400	1 420
10 000	1 590	1 320	1 270	810	970	500	500	450	1 610
15 000	1 820	1 520	1 460	930	1 110	570	590	520	1 860
20 000	2 010	1 670	1 610	1 030	1 220	630	660	570	2 060
30 000	2 300	1 920	1 860	1 190	1 390	730	770	650	2 380
50 000	2 740	2 290	2 220	1 420	1 650	870	930	760	2 850
70 000	3 060	2 560	2 490	1 600	1 840	980	1 060	850	3 210
100 000	3 460	2 890	2 820	1 810	2 070	1 100	1 210	960	3 650
150 000	3 960	3 320	3 240	2 080	2 360	1 270	1 410	1 090	4 210
200 000	4 370	3 670	3 580	2 300	2 600	1 400	1 580	1 200	4 670
300 000	5 000	4 210	4 120	2 660	2 970	1 610		1 370	5 390
500 000	5 950	5 010	4 920	3 180	3 520	1 930			6 470
1 000 000	7 510	6 340	6 260	4 050	4 420				8 270
2 000 000	9 490	8 030	7 960	5 160	5 550				10 580
5 000 000	12 920	10 970	10 930						14 660
10 000 000									18 750

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

C LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25%(a) FROM SEPTEMBER 1997(b)

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
Estimates (c) of									
Aggregate hours worked	10 600	8 200	7 200	4 000	4 800	1 800	1 500	1 800	8 700
Average hours worked	4 600	3 800	3 700	2 000	2 400	800	700	1 000	3 500
Average duration of unemployment	10 400	9 600	7 300	4 100	5 000	1 800	1 100	1 900	10 400
Median duration of unemployment	16 800	12 700	10 800	6 000	7 200	2 800	2 500	2 600	14 300
All other estimates	5 900	4 500	4 100	2 400	2 800	1 100	1 000	1 100	4 400

⁽a) See Technical Notes, paragraph 10-11. (b) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication. (c) The entries in this table refer to the number of persons contributing to the estimate.

GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for

work; answering an advertisement for a job; checking factory

noticeboards or the touchscreens at Centrelink offices; being registered with Centrelink as a jobseeker; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting

friends or relatives.

Aggregate hours worked The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually

worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.

Attending school Persons aged 15-19 years enrolled at secondary or high school in the

reference week.

Attending tertiary educational institution

full time

Persons aged 15-24 years who, were enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other educational institution in the reference week, except those persons aged 15-19 years who were still attending school.

Average duration of unemployment

For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.

Average family size For any group of families, the total number of family members divided

by the number of families in the group.

Average hours worked Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in

that group.

Birthplace From April 1991, classified according to the Standard Australian

Classification of Countries (SACC) (cat. no. 1269.0).

Civilian population aged

15 years and over

All usual residents of Australia aged 15 years and over except members of the permanent defence forces, certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts, overseas residents in Australia, and members of non-Australian

defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

Contributing family worker A person who works without pay, in an economic enterprise operated by

a relative. (This category was formerly entitled unpaid family helper).

Couple families A family based on two persons who are in a registered or de-facto

marriage and who are usually resident in the same household.

Dependent child Any child in a family under 15 years of age or aged 15-24 years who is a

full-time student (except those who have a partner or child of their own

usually resident in the household).

Dependent student A child who is 15-24 years of age and who attends a secondary school,

or tertiary educational institution as a full-time student, and who has no

partner or child of his or her own usually resident in the same

household.

Duration of unemployment

The elapsed period to the end of the reference week since a person began looking for work, or since a person last worked for two weeks or more, whichever is the shorter. Brief periods of work (of less than two weeks) since the person began looking for work are disregarded.

Employed

Persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:

- worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind, in a job or business or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or
- worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or
- were employees who had a job but were not at work and were:
 - away from work for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work for more than four weeks up to the end of the reference week and received pay for some or all of the four week period to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work as a standard work or shift arrangement; or
 - on strike or locked out; or
 - on workers' compensation and expected to return to their job; or
- were employers or own account workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Employee

A person who works for a public or private employer and receives remuneration in wages, salary, a retainer fee by their employer while working on a commission basis, tips, piece-rates or payment in kind, or a person who operates his or her own incorporated enterprise with or without hiring employees.

Employer

A person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires one or more employees.

Employment/population ratio

For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

Family

Two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering; and who are usually resident in the same household. The basis of a family is formed by identifying the presence of a couple relationship, lone parent-child relationship or other blood relationship. Some households will, therefore, contain more than one family.

Family reference person

In families which are not couple families or one parent families, as defined, the family reference person is the eldest person in the household (this was formerly entitled family head).

Former workers

Unemployed persons who have previously worked for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.

Full-time workers

Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and those who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.

Household

A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling, and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at different times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of families and non-family members.

Industry

From August 1994, classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 1993 (cat. no. 1292.0).

Job leavers

Unemployed persons who have worked for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job voluntarily, for example, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was a holiday job or they left the job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties.

Job losers

Unemployed persons who have worked for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job involuntarily, that is, were laid off or retrenched from that job, left that job because of their own ill-health or injury, the job was seasonal or temporary; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.

Labour force

For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.

Labour force status

A classification of the civilian population aged 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.

Lone parent

A person who has no spouse or partner present in the household but who forms a parent-child relationship with at least one dependent or non-dependent child usually resident in the household.

Lone person

A person who makes provision for their food and other essentials for living, without combining with any other person to form part of a multi-person household. They may live in a dwelling on their own or share a dwelling with another individual or family.

Long-term unemployed

Persons unemployed for a period of 52 weeks or more.

Main English speaking countries

The United Kingdom, Ireland, South Africa, Canada, the United States of America and New Zealand.

Marital status

A person is classified as married (husband, wife or partner) if they are living with another person of the same or opposite sex in either a registered or de facto marriage. The not married category comprises persons who live alone or with other family members, those in shared accommodation, and persons who, although reported as married, did not have a spouse or partner who usually lived in the household.

Median duration of unemployment The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median, and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

Non-dependent child

A child of a couple or lone parent usually resident in the household, aged over 15 years and who is not a dependent student aged 15-24 years, and who has no partner or child of their own usually resident in the household.

Non-family member

A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.

Not in the labour force

Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed as defined.

Occupation

From August 1996, classified according to the *Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition 1996* (cat. no. 1220.0). See *Information Paper: ASCO – Australian Standard Classification of Occupations* (cat. no. 1221.0).

One-parent family

A family consisting of a lone parent with at least one dependent or non-dependent child (regardless of age) who is also usually resident in the household.

Other family

Related individuals residing in the same household who do not form a couple or parent-child relationship with any other person in the household and are not attached to a couple or one parent family in the household. If two brothers, for example, are living together and neither is a spouse, a lone parent or a child, then they are classified as other family.

Own-account worker

A person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires no employees (this category was formerly entitled self employed).

Participation rate

For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

Part-time workers

Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week (in all jobs) and either did so during the reference week, or were not at work in the reference week.

Seasonally adjusted series

A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraphs 36 and 37 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

State capital cities

The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the Statistical Geography: Volume 1 - Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) (cat. no. 1216.0).

Status in employment

Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, own account workers, employees, or contributing family workers.

Trend series

A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 38 to 41 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Unemployed

Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:

- had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and:
 - were available for work in the reference week; or
 - were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week, and could have started in the reference week if the job had been available then.

Unemployed looking for first full-time job

Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.

Unemployed looking for first job

Unemployed persons who had never worked for two weeks or more.

Unemployed looking for full-time work Unemployed persons who:

- actively looked for full-time work and were available for work in the reference week; or
- actively looked for work and were not available for work in the reference week because they were waiting to start a new full-time job.

Unemployed looking for part-time work

Unemployed persons who:

- actively looked for part-time work only and were available for work in the reference week; or
- actively looked for work and were not available for work in the reference week because they were waiting to start a new part-time job.

Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation

Unemployed persons who had worked for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent job.

Unemployment rate

For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

The Monthly Population Survey program collects data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is an historical list of supplementary surveys to the monthly labour force surveys. The data are available in publication form, by subscription or on request. It may be possible to order unpublished data from these surveys by contacting the ABS.

Title	Catalogue number	Frequency	Latest issue
Career Experience, Australia	6254.0	Irregular	November 1998
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia	6243.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1993
Child Care, Australia	4402.0	Irregular	June 1999
Education and Work, Australia	6227.0	Annual	May 2001
Employee Earnings, Benefits and Trade Union Membership, Australia	6310.0	Annual	August 2001
Employment Benefits, Australia	6334.0.40.001	Discontinued	Final issue 1994
Forms of Employment, Australia	6359.0	Irregular	November 2001
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia	6222.0	Annual	July 2001
Labour Force Experience, Australia	6206.0	Biennial	February 2001
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia	6235.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1994
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia(a)	6224.0	Discontinued	Final issue 2000
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia	6250.0	Irregular	November 1999
Labour Mobility, Australia	6209.0	Biennial	February 2002
Locations of Work, Australia	6275.0	Irregular	June 2000
Multiple Jobholding, Australia(b)	6216.0	Irregular	August 1997
Participation in Education, Australia	6272.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1999
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia	6220.0	Annual	September 2001
Persons Who had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia	6264.0.40.001	Discontinued	Final issue 1995
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia	6267.0.40.001	Discontinued	Final issue 1994
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia	6238.0	Irregular	November 1997
Retrenchment and Redundancy, Australia	6266.0	Irregular	July 2001
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia	6245.0	Discontinued	Final issue 2000
Superannuation, Australia	6319.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1995
Trade Union Members, Australia	6325.0	Discontinued	Final issue 1996
Underemployed Workers, Australia	6265.0	Annual	September 2001
Working Arrangements, Australia	6342.0	Irregular	November 2000
Work-Related Injuries, Australia	6324.0	Irregular	September 2000

⁽a) Latest data available via the ABS web site, and on request, June 2002.

⁽b) Latest data available on request July 2001.

FORTHCOMING	Topic	Reference month	Release
SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS	Education and Work	May 2002	December 2002
	Job Search Experience	July 2002	January 2003
INQUIRIES	For further information on the publications listed above, contact Service on 1300 135 070.	* *	

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